# Ring-opening polymerisation of rac-lactide mediated by cationic zinc complexes featuring P-stereogenic bisphosphinimine ligands $\dagger$ 

Hongsui Sun, Jamie S. Ritch and Paul G. Hayes*<br>Received 17th October 2011, Accepted 19th December 2011<br>DOI: 10.1039/c2dt11954d


#### Abstract

The diastereomerically pure P -stereogenic bis(phosphinimine) ligands 4,6-( $\mathrm{ArN}=\mathrm{PMePh})_{2} \mathrm{dbf}[\mathrm{Ar}=4-$ isopropylphenyl (Pipp): rac-4, meso-4; $\mathrm{Ar}=2,6$-diisopropylphenyl (Dipp): rac-4a; $\mathrm{dbf}=$ dibenzofuran] were synthesised and complexed to zinc using a protonation-alkane elimination strategy. The cationic alkylzinc complexes thus obtained, $\mathrm{RZn}\left[4,6-(\mathrm{ArN}=\mathrm{PMePh})_{2} \mathrm{dbf}\right]\left[\mathrm{B}\left(\mathrm{Ar}^{\prime}\right)_{4}\right]\left[\mathrm{Ar}=\mathrm{Pipp}, \mathrm{Ar}^{\prime}=\right.$ $\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{3}\left(\mathrm{CF}_{3}\right)_{2}$ : rac- $6(\mathrm{R}=\mathrm{Et})$, meso- $6(\mathrm{R}=\mathrm{Et})$, rac- $7(\mathrm{R}=\mathrm{Me})$ meso- $-7(\mathrm{R}=\mathrm{Me})$; $\mathrm{Ar}=\mathrm{Dipp}$ : rac- $\mathbf{6 a}$ $\left(\mathrm{R}=\mathrm{Et}, \mathrm{Ar}^{\prime}=\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{3}\left(\mathrm{CF}_{3}\right)_{2}\right)$, rac- $\left.6 \mathbf{b}\left(\mathrm{R}=\mathrm{Et}, \mathrm{Ar}^{\prime}=\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{~F}_{5}\right)\right]$ were investigated for their competency as initiators for the ring-opening polymerisation of rac-lactide. The formation of polylactide was achieved under relatively mild conditions ( $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 2-4 \mathrm{~h}$ ) and the microstructures of the resulting polymers exhibited a slight heterotactic bias [polymer tacticity $\left(P_{\mathrm{r}}\right)=0.51-0.63$ ].


## Introduction

Bioplastics produced from plant sources continue to gain momentum as an alternative to petroleum-derived materials because of their renewability and biodegradability, as well as the rising cost of crude oil. One such biomaterial, polylactide (PLA), can be generated by the ring-opening polymerisation (ROP) of lactide. Although PLA is not yet commercially cost-competitive with traditional polyolefin plastics, it has found a growing number of niche applications. For example, its optical transparency and ease of processability render it suitable for food containers and packaging. ${ }^{1}$ In addition, PLA has also been used by the medical community as a scaffold for tissue engineering and drug delivery systems. ${ }^{2}$

A widely-used industrial catalyst for PLA synthesis is bis(2ethylhexanoate)tin(II), also known as tin(II) octanoate. ${ }^{3}$ Although this compound, as well as other metal alkoxides, can efficiently initiate the ROP of lactide, significant challenges in the development of new and improved catalysts still exist. To address some of these objectives, which include increasing activity and stereoselectivity, many single-site catalysts have been developed that possess modular ancillary ligands useful for tuning the steric and electronic properties of the metal complex. ${ }^{4}$ Many different metals, representing all blocks of the periodic table, have been used. Of particular interest to our group are inexpensive, nontoxic metals such as $\mathrm{Ca}, \mathrm{Mg}$ and $\mathrm{Zn},{ }^{5}$ as such catalysts would not contaminate the resultant PLA with toxic transition metal ions.

[^0]The vast majority of ancillary ligands utilized in PLA synthesis are anionic, such as $\beta$-diketiminates, ${ }^{6}$ tethered alkoxides ${ }^{7}$ or tris( pyrazolyl)borates, ${ }^{8}$ and are used to support neutral metal complexes. We, however, have become interested in the ROP of lactide catalysed by cationic metal complexes featuring a neutral ancillary ligand, as little is known about such systems. ${ }^{9}$ Furthermore, cationic, coordinatively and electronically unsaturated metal complexes are expected to encourage facile coordination of LA. Correspondingly, we recently reported $\mathrm{Mg}^{10}$ and $\mathrm{Zn}^{11}$ complexes of ligands featuring a dibenzofuran (dbf) framework with either one or two phosphinimine functionalities at the 4and/or 6- positions (Chart 1). Rather than the metathetical route usually employed to introduce anionic ligands, we installed these neutral donors via a protonation-alkane elimination strategy whereby the ligand is protonated with an appropriate Brønsted acid to generate an aminophosphonium salt. This compound can then undergo an alkane elimination reaction upon exposure to organometallic reagents, such as $\mathrm{ZnEt}_{2}$, to directly produce the desired cationic complex.

Lactide possesses two chiral centres, and hence the resultant polymers may feature different stereochemical arrangements depending on which form of the monomer is used: $(R, R)-,(S, S)$ or meso-lactide (Fig. 1). Physical properties, such as glass transition temperature, melting point and mechanical strength are


A


B

Chart 1 Two dibenzofuran-based ligands.

( $R, R$ )

meso

$(S, S)$

Fig. 1 Lactide stereoisomers.
highly dependent on the degree of crystallinity, which in turn depends on the distribution of stereocentres in the polymer chains. Thus, stereochemically-controlled polymerisation of lactide has become an important concern. ${ }^{4}$ In particular, the synthesis of isotactic or heterotactic PLA from racemic lactide (raclactide, a $1: 1$ mixture of $(R, R)$ and ( $S, S$ ) forms), which allows for the formation of crystalline, high-melting polymers ${ }^{12}$ without the need for resolution of the lactide starting material into enantiopure form, is a desirable objective. Achieving such stereoselectivity is nontrivial, however, as two independent processes affect the outcome of coordination-insertion polymerisations. The most prevalent of these two mechanisms is chain-end control, in which the stereochemistry of the last-inserted monomer influences the subsequent insertion. The other process is known as enantiomorphic site-control, and occurs when the absolute configuration of the catalyst affects each insertion step. Notably, these mechanisms are not necessarily mutually exclusive, and therefore, may compete with each other in a given reaction, with one or the other proving dominant for a particular catalyst system. ${ }^{13}$

Given the dramatic influence that polylactide microstructure has on the macroscopic properties of the resultant material it is not surprising that there is a growing interest in the synthesis of catalysts for stereoselective polymerisation of lactide. Dijkstra, Du and Feijen have recently reviewed advances in this area. ${ }^{4}$ Our plan to contribute to this area of research is to use our existing phosphinimine-functionalized dibenzofuran framework B, and engender chirality at the phosphorus centres by replacing one of the phenyl groups of the $\mathrm{PPh}_{2}$ moiety with a methyl group. As a first step towards this goal, we recently reported the synthesis of several $P$-stereogenic monophosphinimine analogues of $\mathbf{A}$ and their complexes, $[\{(\mathrm{dbf}) \mathrm{MePhP}=\mathrm{NAr}\} \mathrm{ZnR}][\mathrm{B}$ $\left.\left(\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{~F}_{5}\right)_{4}\right](\mathrm{Ar}=$ Dipp, Mes (2, 4, 6-trimethylphenyl); $\mathrm{R}=\mathrm{Et}$, methyl-(S)-lactate), and investigated their activity in the synthesis of PLA. ${ }^{14}$ These complexes were found to initiate the ROP of lactide, but the activity was relatively low $\left(T=80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right.$, 9 h ), and no stereochemical preference was observed in the resulting polymers ( $P_{\mathrm{r}}=c a$. 0.5 ). Inspired by our previous work, in which it was established that bisphosphinimine dbf-based ligands elicit substantially higher activity than their monofunctionalized counterparts $\mathbf{A},{ }^{11 \mathrm{~b}, \mathrm{c}}$ we now describe the synthesis of cationic alkylzinc complexes supported by pincer ligands featuring two chiral phosphinimine donors.

## Results and discussion

## Ligand synthesis and metal complexation

The syntheses of the desired 4,6-disubstituted ligands (Scheme 1) started with 4,6-dibromodibenzofuran. This strategy differs from the synthesis of the singly-substituted ligands (dbf)


$+$

meso-1

rac-2

rac-4a (Ar = Dipp) rac-4 ( $\mathrm{Ar}=\mathrm{Pipp}$ )
$\downarrow \mathrm{vi}$

$\mathrm{B}\left(\mathrm{Ar}^{\prime}\right)_{4}^{-}$




rac-5a ( $\mathrm{Ar}=$ Dipp, $\left.\mathrm{Ar}^{\prime}=\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{3}\left(\mathrm{CF}_{3}\right)_{2}\right)$ meso-5 $\left(\mathrm{Ar}=\right.$ Pipp, $\left.\mathrm{Ar}^{\prime}=\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{3}\left(\mathrm{CF}_{3}\right)_{2}\right)$ rac-5b ( $\mathrm{Ar}=\mathrm{Dipp}, \mathrm{Ar}^{\prime}=\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{~F}_{5}$ )
rac-5 ( $\mathrm{Ar}=$ Pipp, $\left.\mathrm{Ar}^{\prime}=\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{3}\left(\mathrm{CF}_{3}\right)_{2}\right)$


$\mathrm{B}\left(\mathrm{Ar}^{\prime}\right)_{4}^{-}$
$\mathrm{B}\left(\mathrm{Ar}^{\prime}\right)_{4}^{-}$

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { rac-6a }\left(\mathrm{Ar}=\text { Dipp, } \mathrm{Ar}^{\prime}=\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{3}\left(\mathrm{CF}_{3}\right)_{2}\right) & \text { meso-6 }\left(\mathrm{Ar}=\mathrm{Pipp}, \mathrm{Ar}^{\prime}=\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{3}\left(\mathrm{CF}_{3}\right)_{2}\right) \\
\text { rac-6b }\left(\mathrm{Ar}=\mathrm{Dipp}, \mathrm{Ar}^{\prime}=\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{~F}_{5}\right) & \text { meso-7 }\left(\mathrm{Ar}=\mathrm{Pipp}, \mathrm{Ar}=\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{3}\left(\mathrm{CF}_{3}\right)_{2}\right) \\
\text { rac-6 }\left(\mathrm{Ar}=\text { Pipp, } \mathrm{Ar}^{\prime}=\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{3}\left(\mathrm{CF}_{3}\right)_{2}\right) & {\left[\begin{array}{l}
\text { for complexes 6, } \mathrm{R}=\mathrm{Et}_{;} \\
\text {rac-7 }\left(\mathrm{Ar}=\text { Pipp, } \mathrm{Ar}^{\prime}=\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{3}\left(\mathrm{CF}_{3}\right)_{2}\right)
\end{array}\right.} \\
\text { for } 7, \mathrm{R}=\mathrm{Me}
\end{array}
$$

Scheme 1 Synthetic route to the cationic zinc complexes 6 and 7. i: 2 $n$-BuLi, (OMen)PhPCl; ii: $\mathrm{BH}_{3}$-THF; iii: MeLi; iv: $\mathrm{HNEt}_{2}$; v) $\mathrm{ArN}_{3}$; vi) $\left[\mathrm{H}\left(\mathrm{Et}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right)_{2}\right]\left[\mathrm{BAr}_{4}^{\prime}\right]$; vii) $\mathrm{ZnR}_{2}$. For clarity, only one stereoisomer is shown for the rac-compounds.
$\mathrm{MePhP}=\mathrm{NAr}(\mathrm{Ar}=\mathrm{Dipp}, \mathrm{Mes} ;),{ }^{14}$ whereby the first step was lithiation of dibenzofuran with $n-\mathrm{BuLi}$, followed by reaction with $(\mathrm{OMen}) \mathrm{PPhCl}(\mathrm{OMen}=(-)-O$-menthyl) and subsequently $\mathrm{BH}_{3} \cdot \mathrm{THF}$ to afford the intermediate (OMen)(dbf)PhP( $\left.\mathrm{BH}_{3}\right)$. When this approach was employed using 1,8 -dilithiodibenzofuran, ${ }^{15}$ the subsequent reaction with two equiv of
chlorophosphine yielded a mixture of free dibenzofuran, $(\mathrm{dbf})_{2} \mathrm{PhP}\left(\mathrm{BH}_{3}\right)$ and $(\mathrm{OMen})_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\left(\mathrm{BH}_{3}\right)$ along with a small quantity of the desired product. A more efficient method for generating the requisite 1,8 -dilithiodibenzofuran was accomplished by a lithium halogen exchange reaction in which 1,8 -dibromodibenzofuran was allowed to react with 2 equiv of ${ }^{t} \mathrm{BuLi}$ at $-78{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ in THF solution. After 2 h , the reaction mixture was treated with $\mathrm{BH}_{3} \cdot \mathrm{THF}$, affording a crude product containing three borane protected diastereomers, 4,6-\{(OMen) $\left.\mathrm{PhP}\left(\mathrm{BH}_{3}\right)\right\}_{2}(\mathrm{dbf})$ (rac-1: $(R$, $R, R, R)+(R, S, S, R)$ and meso-1: $(R, S)) . \ddagger$ Flash chromatography using benzene/hexanes ( $1: 4$ ) as the eluent on silica gel allowed for separation of the rac and meso isomers to give analytically pure crystalline, colourless products in 33 and $26 \%$ yield, respectively. Although we were unable to fully separate the two rac stereoisomers, this still represents a significant advancement for our dbf-based systems, as diastereomeric resolution was not possible with the monophosphine analogues; exhaustive attempts using a range of experimental conditions, consistently resulted in elution of the two diastereomers as an inseparable mixture. ${ }^{14}$ The successful separation in this study allowed more detailed characterisation of these diastereomers. To this end, X-ray quality single crystals of rac-1 and meso- $\mathbf{1}$ were obtained and their absolute configurations were confirmed by X-ray diffraction studies (vide infra). Interestingly, the ( $R, R, R, R$ ) and ( $R, S, S, R$ ) forms of rac-1 were distinguishable by ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectroscopy, as two separate mentholate OCH resonances were observed in a 31: 69 ratio; unique signals for this group were also observed in the ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}\left\{{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR spectrum. These data indicate that rac- $\mathbf{1}$ was partially resolved with a slight diastereomeric excess (38\%) in favour of either ( $R, R, R, R$ ) or ( $R, S, S, R$ ) configurations at phosphorus. The meso isomer only exhibited one ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H} \mathrm{OCH}$ environment due to signal broadness; however, two sets of OCH resonances were clearly distinguishable in the ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}\left\{{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR spectrum.

When rac-1 was subject to recrystallization from benzene/ pentane, a single crystal was selected and determined to be a disordered mixture of the two stereoisomers $(R, S, S, R)$ - $\mathbf{1}$ (major) and ( $R, R, R, R$ )-1 (minor). Upon successive recrystallizations, the bulk sample became increasingly enriched with ( $R, S, S, R$ )-1, which suggests that this is the stereoisomer in excess in the initial product, and that the diastereomeric excess arises from preferential crystallization. Suitable crystals of the meso form of 1 were also obtained and structurally characterised, which confirmed the expected connectivity. Efforts to fully resolve the ( $R, R, R, R$ ) and ( $R, S, S, R$ ) stereoisomers have thus far been unsuccessful.

Removal of the OMen resolving groups was achieved by the facile reaction of $\mathbf{1}$ with MeLi in benzene at $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to generate the products $4,6-\left\{\mathrm{MePhP}\left(\mathrm{BH}_{3}\right)\right\}_{2}(\mathrm{dbf})$ (rac-2 and meso-2) in 59 and $51 \%$ yields, respectively. Once again, crystalline products were obtained. In the case of rac-2, when the reaction was conducted at ambient temperature, the partially methylated byproduct $4-\left\{\mathrm{MePhP}\left(\mathrm{BH}_{3}\right)\right\}-6-\left\{(\mathrm{OMen}) \mathrm{PhP}\left(\mathrm{BH}_{3}\right)\right\}(\mathrm{dbf})$ (3) was also obtained in the reaction mixture in $10 \%$ yield. This compound, formed due to incomplete conversion at ambient temperature, was purified and independently characterized (see Experimental section for details). The methylated compounds rac- and meso- $\mathbf{2}$ exhibited ${ }^{31} \mathrm{P}$ NMR chemical shifts of $\delta 9.08$ and 9.27 , respectively. Rac-2 crystallized as a racemic mixture
( $1: 1$ ) of two enantiomers, and hence no preferential crystallization of one stereoisomer was observed.

Removal of the borane protecting groups from 2 by heating in neat diethylamine, followed by assembly of the phosphinimine functionalities under standard Staudinger conditions, ${ }^{16}$ was performed to yield neutral ligands in one-pot: 4,6$\{\mathrm{MePhP}=\mathrm{NAr}\}_{2}(\mathrm{dbf})(\mathrm{Ar}=\mathrm{Dipp}:$ rac-4a; $\mathrm{Ar}=$ Pipp (4-isopropylphenyl): rac-4 and meso-4). These compounds were obtained as analytically pure solids. Upon deprotection and installation of the NAr moieties, a shielding effect was observed in the resulting complexes ( ${ }^{31} \mathrm{P}$ : $\delta-15.21$ for rac- $\mathbf{4 a}$ and $\delta-2.26$ to -2.07 for rac- and meso-4). One of the neutral ligands, rac-4a, was also subjected to X-ray diffraction analysis, revealing $\mathrm{P}=\mathrm{N}$ bond lengths of $1.551(1) \AA$ and $1.547(1) \AA$. These values closely match those observed in the related ligand 4,6$\left(\mathrm{MesN}=\mathrm{PPh}_{2}\right)_{2} \mathrm{dbf}(1.549(1) \AA$ and $1.565(1) \AA) .{ }^{1 \mathrm{a}}$

The ligands 4 were easily protonated with the Brønsted acids $\left[H\left(\mathrm{Et}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right)_{2}\right]\left[\mathrm{BAr}^{\prime}{ }_{4}\right]\left(\mathrm{Ar}^{\prime}=\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{3}\left(\mathrm{CF}_{3}\right)_{2}, \mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{~F}_{5}\right)$ to give the corresponding aminophosphonium salts $[\mathrm{H}-4,6-\{\mathrm{MePhP}=$ $\left.\mathrm{NAr}\}_{2}(\mathrm{dbf})\right]\left[\mathrm{BAr}_{4}{ }_{4}\right]\left(\mathrm{Ar}=\mathrm{Dipp}: \operatorname{rac-5a}\left(\mathrm{Ar}^{\prime}=\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{3}\left(\mathrm{CF}_{3}\right)_{2}\right)\right.$, rac- $\mathbf{5 b}\left(\mathrm{Ar}^{\prime}=\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{~F}_{5}\right) ; \mathrm{Ar}=\mathrm{Pipp}, \mathrm{Ar}^{\prime}=\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{3}\left(\mathrm{CF}_{3}\right)_{2}$ : rac-5, meso5) as white crystalline solids. The protonated ligands 5 exhibit ${ }^{31} \mathrm{P}\left\{{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR spectra with single resonances at $\delta 9.17-9.20$ for Dipp-substituted compounds, and $\delta 15.20-15.84$ for the Pippcontaining analogues; the presence of single ${ }^{31} \mathrm{P}$ NMR resonances for these compounds suggests that, on the NMR timescale in solution, the NH proton is rapidly exchanging between the two phosphinimine groups. The ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ signal for this proton was observed at $c a . \delta 4.8(\mathrm{Ar}=\mathrm{Dipp})$ and $6.4(\mathrm{Ar}=\mathrm{Pipp})$. Upon protonation, the $\mathrm{P}=\mathrm{N}$ distances elongated by approximately $5 \%$ to 1.624(2) $\AA$ and $1.619(3) \AA$ as seen in the structures of rac-5a and rac-5b, respectively. The other moieties in these compounds remain relatively unchanged, and in the solid state the proton is localized on one phosphinimine group, rather than shared between the two.

The reaction of these salts with $\mathrm{ZnMe}_{2}$ or $\mathrm{ZnEt}_{2}$ furnished the desired cationic organozinc complexes $\mathrm{RZn}[4,6-(\mathrm{ArN}=$ $\left.\mathrm{PMePh})_{2} \mathrm{dbf}\right]\left[\mathrm{B}\left(\mathrm{Ar}^{\prime}\right)_{4}\right]\left[\mathrm{Ar}=\right.$ Dipp: rac-6a $\left(\mathrm{R}=\mathrm{Et}, \mathrm{Ar}^{\prime}=\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{3}-\right.$ $\left.\left(\mathrm{CF}_{3}\right)_{2}\right)$, rac-6b $\left(\mathrm{R}=\mathrm{Et}, \mathrm{Ar}^{\prime}=\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{~F}_{5}\right) ; \mathrm{Ar}=\mathrm{Pipp}, \mathrm{Ar}^{\prime}=$ $\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{3}\left(\mathrm{CF}_{3}\right)_{2}$ : rac-6 $(\mathrm{R}=\mathrm{Et})$, meso- $6(\mathrm{R}=\mathrm{Et})$, $\operatorname{rac-7}(\mathrm{R}=\mathrm{Me})$ meso-7 ( $\mathrm{R}=\mathrm{Me}$ )] via alkane elimination. The various alkylzinc complexes 6 and 7 all feature ${ }^{31} \mathrm{P}$ environments which resonate in the narrow range of $\delta 24.49-25.71$, indicating the electronic effect that the coordinated metal centre has on P dominates over the influence from the different aryl substituents on nitrogen. These chemical shifts agree well with similar complexes, e.g. the ${ }^{31} \mathrm{P}$ NMR chemical shift for the achiral complex $\operatorname{MeZn}[4,6-$ $\left.\left(\mathrm{MesN}=\mathrm{PPh}_{2}\right)_{2} \mathrm{dbf}\right]\left[\mathrm{B}\left(\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{~F}_{5}\right)_{4}\right]$ appears at $\delta 23.4$ in $\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{D}_{5} \mathrm{Br}$ at ambient temperature. ${ }^{11 \mathrm{~b}}$ The ${ }^{11} \mathrm{~B}\left\{{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ and ${ }^{19} \mathrm{~F}\left\{{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR signals for the borate anions in the zinc complexes $\mathbf{6}$ and 7 and the protonated ligands 5 were unremarkable and consistent with symmetrical, weakly coordinating fragments in solution. Essentially no change in $\delta$ was observed between the protonated ligands and their corresponding zinc alkyl complexes.

In our previous work, we have found that alkyl substituents on zinc are poorer initiating groups when compared to methyl-(S)lactate. ${ }^{11 \mathrm{c}}$ However, the reaction of the protonated ligands 5 with $\mathrm{EtZn}\left(\right.$ methyl-(S)-lactate), ${ }^{17} \mathrm{EtZnOPh}, \mathrm{EtZnO}{ }^{i} \operatorname{Pr}$ or reactions of the zinc complexes 6 and 7 with methyl-(S)-lactate gave
intractable mixtures of products. Therefore, polymerisation studies were conducted using the alkylzinc complexes (vide infra). Further experiments are currently underway to form alkoxy and amido-substituted zinc complexes.

X-ray crystal structures of three alkylzinc complexes (rac-6a, meso- 6 and meso-7) were obtained (CIF data can be found in the $\mathrm{ESI} \dagger)$. In all three cases, no strong cation-anion interactions were observed [shortest cation-anion contacts were aromatic $\mathrm{C}_{\text {cation }}-\mathrm{F}_{\text {anion }}$ distances: rac-6a (2.93 $\AA$ ), meso- $6(3.02 \AA)$, and meso-7 (3.04 $\AA$ ), cf. sum of van der Waals radii $\left.=3.17^{18 \mathrm{a}}\right]$ and the coordination geometry at zinc was found to be essentially trigonal planar $\left(\Sigma(\mathrm{Zn})=c a .357 .9-359.94^{\circ}\right)$; no significant interactions with the dbf oxygen atoms were observed $(\mathrm{d}(\mathrm{Zn} \cdots \mathrm{O})=$ ca. 2.9-3.4 $\AA$ ).
This finding lies in contrast to complexes recently reported by our group, $\mathrm{MeZn}\left[4,6-\left(\mathrm{PippN}^{=}=\mathrm{PPh}_{2}\right)_{2} \mathrm{dbf}\right]\left[\mathrm{BPh}_{4}\right]$, ${ }^{11 \mathrm{c}}$ (methyl-Slactate) $\mathrm{Zn}\left[4,6-\left(\mathrm{PippN}=\mathrm{PPh}_{2}\right)_{2} \mathrm{dbf}\right]\left[\mathrm{BPh}_{4}\right]^{1 \mathrm{cc}}$ and (methyl-Slactate $) \mathrm{Zn}\left[4,6-\left(\mathrm{PhN}=\mathrm{PPh}_{2}\right)_{2} \mathrm{dbf}\right]\left[\mathrm{B}\left(\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{3}\left(\mathrm{CF}_{3}\right)_{2}\right)\right]^{11 \mathrm{~d}} \quad$ where clear $\mathrm{Zn} \cdots \mathrm{O}$ interactions (2.284(2), 2.336(5) and 2.367(2) $\AA$, respectively) were found in the solid state. Notably, the methyl-$S$-lactate complex was found to be a very active catalyst for the polymerisation of rac-lactide. This compound exhibits a significant $\mathrm{Zn} \cdots \mathrm{O}$ interaction (with a distance in between the sums of the covalent radii and van der Waals radii of $1.90^{18 \mathrm{~b}}$ and $2.91 \AA,{ }^{18 a}$ respectively), that is perhaps a reflection of a greater effective positive charge on the zinc centre or more open coordination sphere. Either of these factors would be expected to aid in a coordination-insertion type polymerisation mechanism. The fact that no such interaction was seen for rac-6a, meso- $\mathbf{6}$ or meso- 7 is a potential indicator that they will not be as effective in lactide polymerisation catalysis.

The structure of meso-6 is depicted in Fig. 2. Interestingly, in rac-6a the ligand is pseudo- $C_{2}$ symmetric, with two phosphinimine groups coordinated to the metal centre in an anti fashion (one above the plane of the dbf ligand and one below), while for the meso complex a syn-coordination is seen, giving a pseudo- $C_{\mathrm{s}}$ symmetric cation. This difference is presumably due to the presence of the larger Dipp groups in rac-6a, which would be in


Fig. 2 Thermal ellipsoid plot (50\% probability) of meso-6; hydrogen atoms and the $\left[\mathrm{B}\left(\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{3}\left(\mathrm{CF}_{3}\right)_{2}\right)_{4}\right]^{-}$anion are omitted for clarity. Selected bond lengths ( $\AA$ ) and angles ( ${ }^{\circ}$ ): Zn1-N1 2.037(3), Zn1-N2 2.038(3), Zn-C45 1.976(4), N1-P1 1.601(3), N2-P2 1.594(3); N1-Zn1-N2 115.2 (1), N1-Zn1-C45 123.5(1), C45-Zn1-N2 119.8(1).
close proximity to each other in the syn geometry. The smaller Pipp substituents allow access to this coordination mode for meso- 6 and meso-7. The $\mathrm{Zn}-\mathrm{N}$ distances in these complexes range from 2.028(2)-2.038(3) $\AA$ for the meso complexes, and $2.061(3)-2.063(3) \AA$ for rac- $\mathbf{6 a}$. These are in excellent agreement with the values of 2.033(4)-2.044(4) $\AA$ determined for the complex $\operatorname{MeZn}\left[4,6-\left(\mathrm{MesN}=\mathrm{PPh}_{2}\right)_{2} \mathrm{dbf}\right]\left[\mathrm{BPh}_{4}\right] .{ }^{11 \mathrm{~b}}$ The slightly elongated values in the rac complex are attributed to the larger Dipp substituents on nitrogen, which cause steric crowding around the metal centre.

## Polymerisation studies

The Dipp-substituted compounds rac-6a and rac-6b were not active catalysts for the ROP of rac-lactide, presumably due to the steric bulk of the Dipp groups on nitrogen. We note that similarly inactive complexes were obtained with mesityl-substituted bis(phosphinimine)dbf ligands. ${ }^{11 \mathrm{~b}}$ By comparison, the less bulky Pipp-substituted complexes showed much more promise in this area. Thus, in order to ascertain the influence of stereochemistry at phosphorus on the polymerisation chemistry of the corresponding metal complexes, the two Pipp-substituted compounds rac-6 and meso-6 were used in the ROP of raclactide. Despite the absence of methyl-( $S$ )-lactate initiating groups on zinc, both complexes appeared to be competent ROP initiators. In fact, the activity of these compounds was substantially higher than that previously reported for the monophosphinimine complex (methyl-(S)-lactate) $\mathrm{Zn}[4-(\mathrm{DippN}=\mathrm{PMePh}) \mathrm{dbf}]$ $\left[\mathrm{B}\left(\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{~F}_{5}\right)_{4}\right]$. ${ }^{14}$ Using NMR-scale reactions in $\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$, conditions for larger scale polymerisations were determined. Excellent yields were obtained for the solid polymers, which were then analysed by triple-detection GPC (Table 1).

At higher loadings, the $M_{\mathrm{n}}$ values were much larger than calculated for both initiators; this was also true for the lowest loading of meso-6. All of the $M_{\mathrm{w}}$ values were significantly higher than corresponding $M_{\mathrm{n}}$ values which is reflected in the relatively large polydispersity indices (PDI: 1.69-2.62). No other clear trends in the molecular weight data are apparent. However, the data do suggest significant transesterification processes and/or initiator degradation occurred during polymerisation, leading to larger than expected chains of polylactide (i.e. if fewer active sites are present in solution, the propagating chains will be longer than calculated). Analysis by MALDI-TOF mass spectrometry yielded further information on the polymer chain structure. For samples prepared using rac-6 or meso-6, ions corresponding to the formulae $\left[\mathrm{H}\left(\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{8} \mathrm{O}_{4}\right)_{n} \mathrm{OH}\right]+\mathrm{Na}^{+}$ were identified, with molecular weights for these ions ranging from ca. 1000 to $>7000 \mathrm{amu}$. Spacings of 72 amu between ions were also apparent, suggesting significant transesterification occurs during polymerisation. Monitoring the polymerization reactions in situ by NMR spectroscopy yielded no further insight into such a process.

The hydroxy-terminated nature of the obtained polymers (i.e. the lack of ethyl end groups) suggests that rac-6 and meso-6 are not true catalysts, but rather, first undergo preliminary reactions to form the actual active species. This has been suggested for the industrial catalyst tin(II) octanoate. ${ }^{4}$ A cationic zinc hydroxy species may be a reasonable candidate for the true active species,

Table 1 GPC results for polylactide samples prepared using rac-6 and meso-6 ${ }^{a}$

| Initiator | $[\mathrm{LA}]_{\mathrm{o}} /[\mathrm{Zn}]$ | Isolated yield (\%) | Time (h) | Calc. $M_{\mathrm{n}}\left(\times 10^{3}\right)$ | $M_{\mathrm{n}}\left(\times 10^{3}\right)$ | $M_{\text {w }}\left(\times 10^{3}\right)$ | PDI |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| rac-6 | 200 | 97.2 | 2.0 | 28.0 | 93.4 | 165.2 | 1.77 |
| rac-6 | 400 | 98.6 | 2.7 | 56.8 | 102.5 | 172.9 | 1.69 |
| rac-6 | 600 | 97.2 | 3.3 | 84.1 | 38.3 | 70.7 | 1.85 |
| rac-6 | 800 | 92.9 | 3.7 | 107.1 | 65.5 | 111.8 | 1.71 |
| rac-6 | 1000 | 89.6 | 4.0 | 129.1 | 56.3 | 96.5 | 1.71 |
| meso-6 | 200 | 99.3 | 2.0 | 28.6 | 87.0 | 187.1 | 2.15 |
| meso-6 | 400 | 98.2 | 2.5 | 56.6 | 71.7 | 188.1 | 2.62 |
| meso-6 | 600 | 99.9 | 3.2 | 86.4 | 60.5 | 120.0 | 1.98 |
| meso-6 | 800 | 97.7 | 3.5 | 112.7 | 89.2 | 211.9 | 2.38 |
| meso-6 | 1000 | 95.3 | 3.8 | 137.4 | 208.3 | 390.7 | 1.87 |

Table 2 The influence of solvent on polymer tacticity ${ }^{a}$

| Initiator | $P_{\mathrm{r}}\left(\mathrm{THF}-d_{8}\right)$ | $P_{\mathrm{r}}\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right)$ | $P_{\mathrm{r}}\left(\right.$ Benzene- $\left.d_{6}\right)$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| rac-6 | 0.63 | 0.62 | 0.52 |
| meso-6 | 0.57 | 0.51 | 0.56 |

${ }^{a}$ Experimental conditions: $25{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 15 \mathrm{~h} .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\left\{{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR spectra recorded on isolated polymer samples that were redissolved in $\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$.
although we have thus far been unable to independently prepare such a complex. Current efforts are underway to synthesize alkoxyzinc analogues of rac-6 and meso- 6 in order to compare their structure and catalytic activities. Overall, the mechanism of polymerisation remains unclear. In situ ${ }^{31} \mathrm{P}\left\{{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ and ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR experiments were complex and yielded no conclusive data on, e.g. coordination-insertion events.

The microstructure of the polymer samples was probed by homodecoupled ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\left\{{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR spectroscopy. Upon examination of the methine region, values of $P_{\mathrm{r}}$ were obtained for polymers made using rac- $\mathbf{6}$ and meso- 6 as initiators and in several different solvents (Table 2). Overall, a modest bias was observed for heterotacticity ( $P_{\mathrm{r}}=0.52-0.63$ for rac- 6 and $0.51-0.57$ for meso- $\mathbf{6}$ ), indicating some form of chain-end control ${ }^{13}$ is occurring during the polymerisation, but it is clearly not a strong effect. Nonetheless, a significant improvement is seen when compared with the monophosphinimine variants, which yielded entirely atactic samples. ${ }^{14}$

Kinetic data were collected using both complexes at various temperatures. A plot of the natural logarithm of the monomer concentration versus time for rac-6 is depicted in Fig. 3, and is representative of other kinetic runs. A noticeable induction period precedes the linear regime in these reactions, which are first order in [monomer]. Eyring and Arrhenius plots (Fig. 4 displays the Eyring plot for rac-6; refer to ESI $\dagger$ for other plots) allowed for extraction of activation parameters. The complex rac-6 yielded values of $\Delta H^{*}=47.1 \pm 1.5 \mathrm{~kJ} \mathrm{~mol}^{-1}, \Delta S^{\ddagger}=-159$ $\pm 4.9 \mathrm{~J} \mathrm{~K}^{-1} \mathrm{~mol}^{-1}$, and $E_{\mathrm{a}}=49.7 \pm 1.5 \mathrm{~kJ} \mathrm{~mol}^{-1}$, while meso-6 gave $\Delta H^{\ddagger}=39.1 \pm 3.3 \mathrm{~kJ} \mathrm{~mol}^{-1}, \Delta S^{\ddagger}=-197 \pm 10.5 \mathrm{~J} \mathrm{~K}^{-1}$ $\mathrm{mol}^{-1}$, and $E_{\mathrm{a}}=41.7 \pm 3.3 \mathrm{~kJ} \mathrm{~mol}^{-1}$. Such data are consistent with an ordered transition state, and match well with values previously reported for coordination-insertion mechanisms, ${ }^{19}$ although the exact steps of polymerisation in this system are as of yet unknown.


Fig. 3 Plot of $\ln [A]$ versus $t$ for polymerisation using rac- 6 at $50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.


Fig. 4 Eyring plot $[\ln (\mathrm{K} / T)$ versus $1000 \times 1 / T]$ for complex rac- $\mathbf{6}$.

## Experimental

## Reagents and general procedures

Manipulations of air- and moisture-sensitive materials and reagents were carried out under an argon atmosphere using vacuum line techniques or in a glove box. Solvents used for airsensitive materials were purified using an MBraun solvent purification system (SPS), stored in PTFE-sealed glass vessels over sodium benzophenone ketyl (THF and ether), $\mathrm{CaH}_{2}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right.$ and bromobenzene) or "titanocene" (pentane, benzene and toluene), and freshly distilled at the time of use. Deuterated solvents were dried over sodium benzophenone ketyl (benzene- $d_{6}$
and THF- $\left.d_{8}\right)$ or $\mathrm{CaH}_{2}\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right.$ and $\left.\mathrm{CD}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right)$, degassed via three freeze-pump-thaw cycles, distilled in vacuo and stored over $4 \AA$ molecular sieves in glass bombs under argon. NMR spectra were recorded at ambient temperature with a Bruker Avance II NMR spectrometer ( 300.13 MHz for ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}, 75.47 \mathrm{MHz}$ for ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$, 121.48 MHz for ${ }^{31} \mathrm{P}, 282.42 \mathrm{MHz}$ for ${ }^{19} \mathrm{~F}$ and 96.29 MHz for ${ }^{11} \mathrm{~B}$ ). Chemical shifts are reported in parts per million relative to the external standards $\mathrm{SiMe}_{4}\left({ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right), 85 \% \mathrm{H}_{3} \mathrm{PO}_{4}\left({ }^{31} \mathrm{P}\right)$, trifluorotoluene $\left({ }^{19} \mathrm{~F}\right)$ and boron trifluoride diethyl etherate $\left({ }^{11} \mathrm{~B}\right)$; residual H -containing species in $\mathrm{CD}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}(\delta 5.32 \mathrm{ppm})$ or $\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}(\delta$ $7.27 \mathrm{ppm})$ were used as internal references ( $\left.{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right)$. Assignments were aided by the use of ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}\left\{{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$-DEPT and ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}-{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}\left\{{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ HSQC experiments $(\mathrm{s}=$ singlet, $\mathrm{d}=$ doublet, $\mathrm{t}=$ triplet, $\mathrm{q}=$ quartet, $\mathrm{sp}=$ septet, $\mathrm{m}=$ multiplet, $\mathrm{br}=$ broad, $\mathrm{ov}=$ overlapping signals). Elemental analyses were performed using an Elementar Vario Microcube instrument. The reagents 2,6-dibromodibenzofuran, ${ }^{20}$ (OMen) PhPCl (OMen $=(-)$-menthyl), ${ }^{14}\left[\mathrm{H}\left(\mathrm{Et}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right)_{2}\right]$ $\left[\mathrm{B}\left(\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{3}\left\{\mathrm{CF}_{3}\right\}_{2}\right)_{4}\right],{ }^{21} \quad\left[\mathrm{H}\left(\mathrm{Et}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right)_{2}\right]\left[\mathrm{B}\left(\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{~F}_{5}\right)_{4}\right],{ }^{22} \quad \mathrm{DippN}_{3}{ }^{23}$ and PippN $\mathrm{N}_{3},{ }^{24}$ and $S-\mathrm{MeO}_{2} \mathrm{CC}(\mathrm{H})(\mathrm{Me}) \mathrm{OZnEt}^{17}$ were prepared according to literature methods. Rac-lactide was purchased from Alfa Aesar and purified by double recrystallization from toluene followed by sublimation. Diethylamine (Aldrich) was dried over $4 \AA$ molecular sieves and degassed prior to use. All other reagents were purchased from commercial sources and used as received. Flash chromatographic purification was run on silica gel (230-400 mesh, as received and without activation) using a fritted column $(3 \times 45 \mathrm{~cm})$. GPC data were collected on a Viscotek Triple Detection GPC System outfitted with a model 270 Dual Detector Platform (Four Capillary Viscometer and Light Scattering Detector) and a Refractive Index Detector. Samples were run in THF at a concentration of $1 \mathrm{mg} \mathrm{mL}^{-1}$. MALDI-TOF data were collected using an Applied BioSystems Voyager Elite instrument.

## Synthesis of rac-1 and meso-1

Dibromodibenzofuran $(5.0 \mathrm{~g}, 15.3 \mathrm{mmol})$ was dissolved in THF (ca. 100 mL ) and cooled to $-78^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. To the well-stirred solution $n$-BuLi ( $19.6 \mathrm{~mL}, 31.4 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.6 \mathrm{M}$ in hexane) was added dropwise. The light brown solution became deeper in colour and precipitates were observed to form. The suspension was stirred at $-78^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 1 h , followed by an additional 1 h at $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. The resulting suspension was cooled to $-78{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ again and $(-)-(O$-menthyl $)$ chlorophenylphosphine $(9.38 \mathrm{~g}, 31.3 \mathrm{mmol})$ in THF ( 20 mL ) was added dropwise. The mixture was left to warm to ambient temperature overnight, resulting in a light orange solution. At $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{BH}_{3} \cdot \mathrm{THF}(40 \mathrm{~mL}, 40 \mathrm{mmol}, 1 \mathrm{M}$ in THF) was slowly added and stirring was continued at ambient temperature for 1 h . To the resulting solution water ( 20 mL ) was added. The organic layer was separated and the aqueous solution was extracted with hexanes ( $3 \times 15 \mathrm{~mL}$ ). The combined organic fractions were washed with brine and dried over $\mathrm{MgSO}_{4}$. After removal of volatiles in vacuo, the residue was subjected to column separation. Upon elution with benzene/hexanes (1:4), rac-1 ( $3.6 \mathrm{~g}, 5.0 \mathrm{mmol}, 33 \%$ ) and meso- $1(2.9 \mathrm{~g}, 4.0 \mathrm{mmol}$, $26 \%$ ) were obtained. After recrystallization of rac-1 from benzene/hexanes, the ratio of $(R, R, R, R)$ to $(R, S, S, R)$ had changed to $31: 69$, according to ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectroscopy. Single crystals of
rac-1 and meso- $\mathbf{1}$ suitable for analysis by X-ray crystallography were prepared by dissolving samples in benzene in 5 mm diameter glass tubes and layering the solution with pentane.
A 31:69 ratio of rac-1:(R,R,R,R) : $(R, S, S, R)$ was determined experimentally; for simplicity data are listed as integrations for an ideal $1: 1$ racemic mixture. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right): \delta 8.27-8.06$ (m, 4H ( $R, S, S, R$ ), 4H ( $R, R, R, R$ ), 1,2,8,9-dbf), 7.65-7.17 (br ov $\mathrm{m}, 12 \mathrm{H}(R, S, S, R)$ and $12 \mathrm{H}(R, R, R, R), 3,7-\mathrm{dbf}+\mathrm{Ph}), 4.37$ and 4.18 (br m, 2H ( $R, S, S, R$ ) and 2H ( $R, R, R, R$ ), OCH), 2.09-0.9 (ov $\mathrm{m}, 30 \mathrm{H}(R, S, S, R)$ and $30 \mathrm{H}(R, R, R, R)$, OMen $\left.+\mathrm{BH}_{3}\right), 0.75(\mathrm{~d}$, ${ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{HH}}=6.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}(R, S, S, R)$ and $\left.3 \mathrm{H}(R, R, R, R), \mathrm{CHCH}_{3}\right), 0.68$ $\left(\mathrm{d},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{HH}}=6.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}(R, S, S, R)\right.$ and $\left.3 \mathrm{H}(R, R, R, R), \mathrm{CHCH}_{3}\right)$, $0.31\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{HH}}=6.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}(R, S, S, R)\right.$ and $3 \mathrm{H}(R, R, R, R)$, $\left.\mathrm{CHCH}_{3}\right), 0.13\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{HH}}=6.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}(R, S, S, R)\right.$ and $3 \mathrm{H}(R, R, R$, $\left.R), \mathrm{CHCH}_{3}\right) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}\left\{{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right): \delta:(R, S, S, R)$ diastereomer, 155.95 (s, OC-dbf), 133.38 ( $\mathrm{s}, 3 / 7-\mathrm{dbf}$ ), 133.36 (d, ${ }^{1} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=73.2$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 4,6-\mathrm{dbf}$ ), 131.41 (s, aromatic C), $130.84\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{2} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=11.8 \mathrm{~Hz}\right.$, aromatic C), $128.69\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{2} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=11.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, o-\mathrm{Ph}\right), 125.10(\mathrm{~s}$, aromatic C), $123.99\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=4.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{dbf}\right), 123.25\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{2} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=11.3\right.$ Hz , aromatic C), $117.09\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{1} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=58.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{Ph}\right), 80.81\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{2} J_{\mathrm{CP}}\right.$ $=2.6 \mathrm{~Hz}$, POC-Men ring), $47.74\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=5.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, C \mathrm{HCH}\right.$ $\left.\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 43.54(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{OCHCH} 2 \mathrm{CH}), 34.34\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CHCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}\right)$, $31.68\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 25.21\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{CHCH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 22.70(\mathrm{~s}$, $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CHCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}$ ), 22.38 (s, $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) \mathrm{CH}_{2}$ ), 20.66 (s, $\left.\mathrm{CHCH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 14.93$ (s, $\left.\mathrm{CHCH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right) .(\mathrm{R}, \mathrm{R}, \mathrm{R}, \mathrm{R})$ diastereomer, $156.18\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{2} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=2.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{OC}-\mathrm{dbf}\right), 133.16$ (s, $\left.3 / 7-\mathrm{dbf}\right), 132.42$ (d, $\left.{ }^{1} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=73.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 4,6-\mathrm{dbf}\right), 131.85$ (s, aromatic C), 131.10 (d, ${ }^{2} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=11.8 \mathrm{~Hz}$, aromatic C), $128.46\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{2} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=10.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, o-\mathrm{Ph}\right)$, $124.56\left(\mathrm{~s}\right.$, aromatic C), $124.24\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=6.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{dbf}\right), 123.22$ $\left(\mathrm{d},{ }^{2} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=9.8 \mathrm{~Hz}\right.$, aromatic C), $118.03\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{1} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=60.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{Ph}\right)$, $80.73\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{2} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=2.7 \mathrm{~Hz}\right.$, POC-Men ring), $48.16\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=6.8\right.$ $\left.\mathrm{Hz}, \quad \mathrm{CHCH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), \quad 42.75$ (s, $\left.\quad \mathrm{OCHCH} \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{CH}\right), 34.09$ (s, $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CHCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}$ ), 31.64 (s, $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) \mathrm{CH}_{2}$ ), 25.63 (s, $\left.\mathrm{CHCH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 22.90$ (s, $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CHCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}$ ), 22.19 (s, $\left.\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 21.15\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{CHCH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 15.61$ (s, CHCH $\left.\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right) \cdot{ }^{31} \mathrm{P}\left\{{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right): \delta 99.86$ (br s). ${ }^{11} \mathrm{~B}\left\{{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right): \delta-39.32$ (br s). Anal. Calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{44} \mathrm{H}_{60} \mathrm{~B}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3} \mathrm{P}_{2}: \mathrm{C}$, 73.35; H, 8.39. Found: C, 73.48; H, 8.29.
meso-1: ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right): \delta 8.25-8.04$ (ov m, 4H, 1,2,8,9dbf), 7.75-7.69 (m, 2H, 3,7-dbf), 7.52-7.40 (ov m, 5H, Ph), 7.32-7.22 (ov m, 5H, Ph), 4.38 (m, 2H, POCH-Men ring), 2.03 (br m, 2H, OMen), 1.90 (br d, ${ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{HH}}=12.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, OMen), $1.71-1.03$ (ov m, 17H, OMen $+\mathrm{B} H_{3}$ ), $0.91\left(\mathrm{ov} \mathrm{t},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{HH}}=7.0 \mathrm{~Hz}\right.$, 10 H , OMen $\left.+\mathrm{B} H_{3}\right), 0.74\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{HH}}=6.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 6 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 0.41(\mathrm{~d}$, $\left.{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{HH}}=6.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C} H_{3}\right), 0.36\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{HH}}=6.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ $\left\{{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right): \delta 156.30(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{dbf}-\mathrm{OC}), 156.16$ (s, dbf-OC), $133.04\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{2} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=15.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 / 7-\mathrm{dbf}\right), 132.92\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{1} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=73.2 \mathrm{~Hz}\right.$, $4 / 6-\mathrm{dbf}), 132.64\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{1} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=77.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 4 / 6-\mathrm{dbf}\right), 132.17\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{2} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=\right.$ $12.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 / 7-\mathrm{dbf}), 132.08$ (s, aromatic C), 131.81 (s, aromatic C), 131.73 (s, aromatic C), 131.48 (s, aromatic C), 131.32 ( s , aromatic C), $130.81\left(\mathrm{~d}, J_{\mathrm{CP}}=12.1 \mathrm{~Hz}\right.$, aromatic C), $128.68(\mathrm{~d}$, $J_{\mathrm{CP}}=10.6 \mathrm{~Hz}$, aromatic C), $128.35\left(\mathrm{~d}, J_{\mathrm{CP}}=11.3 \mathrm{~Hz}\right.$, aromatic C), $124.98\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{2} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=30.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{Ph}\right), 124.26\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=5.3 \mathrm{~Hz}\right.$, dbf), $124.13\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=3.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{dbf}\right), 123.44\left(\mathrm{~d}, J_{\mathrm{CP}}=9.8 \mathrm{~Hz}\right.$, aromatic C), $123.20\left(\mathrm{~d}, J_{\mathrm{CP}}=11.3 \mathrm{~Hz}\right.$, aromatic C), $117.56(\mathrm{~d}$, $\left.{ }^{1} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=61.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{Ph}\right), 81.15\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{2} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=3.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{POCH}-\right.$ Men ring $)$, $80.65\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{2} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=3.0 \mathrm{~Hz}\right.$, POCH-Men ring), $48.62\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=6.8\right.$ $\left.\mathrm{Hz}, \mathrm{CHCH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 48.25\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=5.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CHCH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right)$, 43.80 ( $\left.\mathrm{s}, \quad \mathrm{OCHCH} \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{CH}\right), \quad 42.83\left(\mathrm{~s}, \quad \mathrm{OCHCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}\right), \quad 34.32$
(s, $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CHCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}$ ), 34.22 (s, $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CHCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}$ ), 31.67 (s, $\left.\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 31.60$ (s, $\left.\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 25.70$ (s, $\left.\mathrm{CHCH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), \quad 25.62$ ( $\left.\mathrm{s}, \quad \mathrm{CHCH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), \quad 22.84$ (s, $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CHCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}$, ( 2 coincident signals)), 22.33 (s, $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}$ $\left.\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 22.14\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 21.18$ (s, CHCH $\left.\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 20.85\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{CHCH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 15.65\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{CHCH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right)$, $15.59\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{CHCH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right) \cdot{ }^{31} \mathrm{P}\left\{{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right): \delta 100.71$ (br s). ${ }^{11} \mathrm{~B}\left\{{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right): \delta-39.48$ (br s). Anal. Calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{44} \mathrm{H}_{60} \mathrm{~B}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3} \mathrm{P}_{2}$ : C, 73.35; H, 8.39. Found: C, 73.40; H, 8.38.

## Synthesis of rac-2

To a solution of rac-1 ( $3.0 \mathrm{~g}, 4.16 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) in benzene ( 40 mL ), MeLi ( $6.5 \mathrm{~mL}, 10.4 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.6 \mathrm{M}$ ether solution) was added dropwise. The reaction mixture was stirred at $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 14 h , and then 10 mL of water was added. The light brown solution became colourless upon addition of the water. The organic layer was separated and the aqueous solution was extracted with diethyl ether $(2 \times 10 \mathrm{~mL})$. The combined organic fractions were washed with brine and dried over $\mathrm{MgSO}_{4}$. The solution was concentrated and rac-2 was crystallized and isolated by filtration. Hexanes was added to the mother liquid and a second crop of crystals was obtained (combined yield: $1.08 \mathrm{~g}, 2.45 \mathrm{mmol}$, $59 \%$ ). X-ray quality single crystals were obtained from layering hexanes onto a benzene solution of rac-2. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H} \operatorname{NMR}\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right): \delta$ $8.19\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{HH}}=7.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, 1,9-\mathrm{dbf}\right), 8.04\left(\mathrm{dd},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{HH}}=7.8 \mathrm{~Hz}\right.$, $\left.{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{PH}}=13.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, 3,7-\mathrm{dbf}\right), 7.56-7.36$ (ov m, $12 \mathrm{H}, 2,8-\mathrm{dbf}+$ $\mathrm{Ph}), 1.59\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{2} J_{\mathrm{PH}}=10.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 6 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 1.50-0.40(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{m}, 6 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.\mathrm{B} H_{3}\right) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}\left\{{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right): \delta 156.68\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{2} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=2.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{dbf}-\right.$ OC $), 134.10\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{2} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=13.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, o-\mathrm{Ph}\right), 131.24\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=2.3\right.$ $\mathrm{Hz}, m-\mathrm{Ph}), 131.02\left(\mathrm{~d}, J_{\mathrm{CP}}=9.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3,7-\mathrm{dbf}\right), 130.16(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{dbf})$, $129.16\left(\mathrm{~d}, J_{\mathrm{CP}}=10.6 \mathrm{~Hz}\right.$, aromatic C), $125.14\left(\mathrm{~d}, J_{\mathrm{CP}}=2.3 \mathrm{~Hz}\right.$, aromatic C), 124.18 ( $\mathrm{d},{ }^{2} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=10.5 \mathrm{~Hz}$, aromatic C), $124.06(\mathrm{~s}$, aromatic C), $113.57\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{1} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=52.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 4,6-\mathrm{dbf}\right), 10.54\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{1} J_{\mathrm{CP}}\right.$ $\left.=40.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, C \mathrm{H}_{3}\right) .{ }^{31} \mathrm{P}\left\{{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\} \operatorname{NMR}\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right): \delta 9.08$ (br s). ${ }^{11} \mathrm{~B}$ $\left\{{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right): \delta-37.21$ (br s). Anal. Calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{26} \mathrm{H}_{28} \mathrm{~B}_{2} \mathrm{OP}_{2}$ : C, 70.96; H, 6.41. Found: C, 70.64; H, 6.38.

Identification of the by-product 3: When the reaction was conducted at $23{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and worked up as described above, column separation yielded rac-2 (for same scale as above, 0.73 g , $1.66 \mathrm{mmol}, 40 \%$ ) and the mono-methylated compound $\mathbf{3}$ ( $0.24 \mathrm{~g}, 0.42 \mathrm{mmol}, 10 \%$ ). X-ray quality single crystals were obtained from layering hexanes onto a benzene solution of $\mathbf{3}$. Structural details are contained within the ESI $\dagger$ CIF file. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right): \delta 8.26-8.19(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{dbf}), 8.12-8.09(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, dbf), 7.96-7.89 (m, 1H, dbf), 7.71-7.65 (m, 2H, dbf/Ph), 7.61-7.27 (ov m, 10H, dbf/Ph), 4.34 (m, 1H, POCH-Men ring), $2.12\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{HH}}=12.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}\right.$, OMen $), 1.87\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{2} J_{\mathrm{PH}}=10.8 \mathrm{~Hz}\right.$, $\left.3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{PCH} H_{3}\right), 1.67-1.37(\mathrm{ov} \mathrm{m}, 8 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OMen}), 1.12\left(\mathrm{q},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{HH}}=12.0\right.$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OMen}$ ), $0.97-0.81$ (ov m, $7 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OMen}+\mathrm{B} H_{3}$ ), 0.61 (d, $\left.{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{HH}}=6.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 0.34\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{HH}}=6.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}\right.$ $\left.\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}\left\{{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right): \delta 156.82\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{2} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=3.0 \mathrm{~Hz}\right.$, dbf-OC), 155.71 (br s, dbf-OC), $133.82\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{2} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=3.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 / 7-\right.$ dbf), $133.00(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{dbf}), 132.75\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{2} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=12.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 / 7-\mathrm{dbf}\right)$, $131.98\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{4} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=2.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, p-\mathrm{Ph}\right), 131.68\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{2} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=9.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, o-\right.$ $\mathrm{Ph}), 131.22\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{4} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=2.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, p-\mathrm{Ph}\right), 130.99\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{2} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=12.1 \mathrm{~Hz}\right.$, $o-\mathrm{Ph}), 130.26\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{1} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=75.5 \mathrm{~Hz}\right.$, ipso-Ph), $129.03\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=\right.$ $10.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 / 8-\mathrm{dbf}), 128.86\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=10.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 / 8-\mathrm{dbf}\right), 125.32$
$\left(\mathrm{d},{ }^{4} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=2.3 \mathrm{~Hz} 1 / 9-\mathrm{dbf}\right), 124.44\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{4} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=2.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 / 9-\mathrm{dbf}\right)$, $124.25\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=4.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{dbf}\right), 124.09\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=10.6 \mathrm{~Hz}\right.$, $m-\mathrm{Ph}), 123.89\left(\mathrm{~s}\right.$, aromatic C), $123.74\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=10.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, m-\mathrm{Ph}\right)$, $116.92\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{1} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=61.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 4 / 6-\mathrm{dbf}\right), 114.16\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{1} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=52.8 \mathrm{~Hz}\right.$, $4 / 6-\mathrm{dbf}), 80.82\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{2} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=3.0 \mathrm{~Hz}\right.$, POCH-menthyl ring), 49.13 $\left(\mathrm{d},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=6.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CHCH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 43.82\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{OCHCH} \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{CH}\right), 34.22$ (s, $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CHCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}$ ), 31.72 (s, $\left.\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 25.46$ (s, $\left.\mathrm{CHCH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 22.77\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CHCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}\right), 22.28\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}\right.$ $\left.\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 21.12\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{CHCH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 15.20\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{CHCH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right)$, $11.10\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{1} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=41.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{PCH}_{3}\right) .{ }^{31} \mathrm{P}\left\{{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right): \delta$ 100.40 (br s), 8.65 (br s). ${ }^{11} \mathrm{~B}\left\{{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right): \delta-38.39$ (br s). Anal. Calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{35} \mathrm{H}_{44} \mathrm{~B}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{2} \mathrm{P}_{2}$ : C, 72.44; H, 7.64. Found: C, 72.05; H, 7.44.

## Synthesis of meso-2

Meso-2 was prepared via a similar procedure as that described for rac-2, from meso-1 ( $2.9 \mathrm{~g}, 4 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) and $\mathrm{MeLi}(1.6 \mathrm{M}$ in ether, $5.53 \mathrm{~mL}, 8.85 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) to afford a colourless solid $(0.9 \mathrm{~g}$, $2.0 \mathrm{mmol}, 51 \%) .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right): \delta 8.14\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{HH}}=7.7 \mathrm{~Hz}\right.$, $2 \mathrm{H}, 1,9-\mathrm{dbf}$ ), 7.79-7.65 (ov m, 6H, $m$ - $\mathrm{Ph}+p-\mathrm{Ph}$ ), 7.51-7.27 (ov m, $8 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{o}-\mathrm{Ph}+2,8-\mathrm{dbf}+3,7-\mathrm{dbf}), 1.84\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{2} J_{\mathrm{PH}}=10.4 \mathrm{~Hz}\right.$, $6 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{PCH}_{3}$ ), 1.70-0.50 (br m, 6H, BH3). ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}\left\{{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\} \quad \mathrm{NMR}$ $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right): \delta 156.73(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{dbf}-\mathrm{OC}), 132.89\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{2} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=9.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, o-\mathrm{Ph}\right)$, $131.95\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{2} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=9.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3,7-\mathrm{dbf}\right), 131.61\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=2.2 \mathrm{~Hz}\right.$, $m-\mathrm{Ph}), 129.77\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{1} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=57.4 \mathrm{~Hz}\right.$, ipso-Ph), $129.23\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=\right.$ $10.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2,8-\mathrm{dbf}), 124.63\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{4} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=2.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, p-\mathrm{Ph}\right), 124.22$ $\left(\mathrm{d},{ }^{4} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=4.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{dbf}\right), 124.05\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=9.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{dbf}\right), 114.58$ (d, $\left.{ }^{1} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=52.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 4,6-\mathrm{dbf}\right), 11.37\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{1} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=40.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$. ${ }^{31} \mathrm{P}\left\{{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right): \delta 9.27$ (br s). ${ }^{11} \mathrm{~B}\left\{{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right)$ : $\delta-37.65$ (br s). Anal. Calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{26} \mathrm{H}_{28} \mathrm{~B}_{2} \mathrm{OP}_{2}$ : C, 70.96; H, 6.41. Found: C, 70.85; H, 6.40.

## Synthesis of rac-4

Rac-2 ( $365 \mathrm{mg}, 0.83 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) was suspended in diethylamine $(15 \mathrm{~mL})$ and the mixture was heated to $50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. After 2 h the solution was clear and colourless. After a total time of 15 h , the volatiles were removed under vacuum $\left(9 \times 10^{-3}\right.$ torr) at $50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Benzene ( 15 mL ) was transferred to the reaction flask, then excess PippN ${ }_{3}$ ( $401.4 \mathrm{mg}, 2.49 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) was added. An immediate evolution of gas (presumably $\mathrm{N}_{2}$ ) was observed. The light yellow solution was stirred at ambient temperature for 15 h and all volatiles were removed in vacuo. The residue was then heated to $100{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ under vacuum ( $9 \times 10^{-3}$ torr) to remove the byproduct $\mathrm{Et}_{2} \mathrm{NH} \cdot \mathrm{BH}_{3}$. Upon crystallization from benzene/pentane, pure rac- 4 was obtained as a beige solid ( $380 \mathrm{mg}, 0.56 \mathrm{mmol}$, $67 \%) .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CD}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right): \delta 8.24\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{HH}}=7.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, 1,9-\right.$ dbf), $8.09\left(\mathrm{dd},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{HH}}=7.6 \mathrm{~Hz},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{PH}}=12.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, 3,7-\mathrm{dbf}\right)$, $7.55(\mathrm{ov} \mathrm{m}, 8 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{dbf}+\mathrm{Ph}), 7.41(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ph}), 6.84\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{HH}}=7.9\right.$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 4 \mathrm{H}, m$-Pipp), $6.57\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{HH}}=8.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 4 \mathrm{H}, o-\mathrm{Pipp}\right), 2.72(\mathrm{sp}$, $\left.{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{HH}}=6.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C} H\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 1.73\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{2} J_{\mathrm{PH}}=13.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 6 \mathrm{H}\right.$, $\left.\mathrm{PCH}_{3}\right), 1.14\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{HH}}=6.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 12 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}\left\{{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CD}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right): \delta 155.79\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{2} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=3.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{dbf}-\mathrm{OC}\right), 149.35(\mathrm{~d}$, ${ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=3.3 \mathrm{~Hz}$, dbf-quaternary), 138.11 (s, $p$-Pipp), 133.49 (d, $\left.{ }^{2} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=6.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3,7-\mathrm{dbf}\right), 132.54\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{1} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=95.9 \mathrm{~Hz}\right.$, ipso-Ph), $132.34\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=2.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2,8-\mathrm{dbf}\right), 131.23\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=9.9 \mathrm{~Hz}\right.$, $m-\mathrm{Ph}), 129.46\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{2} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=12.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, o-\mathrm{Ph}\right), 127.14\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{4} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=1.1\right.$

Hz, m-Pipp), 125.42 (d, ${ }^{4} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=3.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1,9-\mathrm{dbf}$ ), 124.54 (s, ipsoPipp), $124.40\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{4} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=9.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, p-\mathrm{Ph}\right), 122.88\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=18.7\right.$ $\mathrm{Hz}, o-P i p p), 116.54\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{1} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=88.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 4,6-\mathrm{dbf}\right), 33.67(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{CH}$ $\left.\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 24.57\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{CH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 14.91\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{1} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=78.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{PCH}_{3}\right)$. ${ }^{31} \mathrm{P}\left\{{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CD}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right): \delta-2.26$ (s). Anal. Calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{44} \mathrm{H}_{44} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{OP}_{2}$ : C, 77.86 ; H, 6.53; N, 4.13. Found: C, 77.39 ; H, 6.71; N, 4.08 .

## Synthesis of rac-4a

Rac-2 ( $400 \mathrm{mg}, 0.91 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) was dissolved in diethylamine $(10 \mathrm{~mL})$ and heated to $50{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 17 h . All volatiles were removed in vacuo at $9 \times 10^{-3}$ torr and an oily residue was obtained. Benzene ( 15 mL ) was added, followed by slow addition of $\operatorname{Dipp} \mathrm{N}_{3}(462.5 \mathrm{mg}, 2.25 \mathrm{mmol})$. Gas evolution was immediately observed. The light yellow solution was stirred for 12 h at ambient temperature, then all volatiles were removed in vacuo, yielding a light yellow residue. Pentane ( 10 mL ) was added and the suspension was stirred, followed by filtration and washing with pentane to yield an off-white solid ( 470 mg , $0.62 \mathrm{mmol}, 68 \%)$. X-ray quality single crystals were obtained from layering heptane onto a methylene chloride solution of rac-4a. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CD}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right): \delta 8.29\left(\mathrm{dd},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{HH}}=7.5 \mathrm{~Hz},{ }^{5} J_{\mathrm{PH}}=\right.$ $1.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 1-\mathrm{dbf}), 8.24\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{HH}}=7.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}, 9+3,7-\mathrm{dbf}\right)$, $7.59\left(\mathrm{dt},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{HH}}=7.8 \mathrm{~Hz},{ }^{4} J_{\mathrm{PH}}=1.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, 2,8-\mathrm{dbf}\right), 7.47-7.30$ (ov m, 10H, Ph), $6.90\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{HH}}=7.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 4 \mathrm{H}, m\right.$-dipp), 6.72 (td, ${ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{HH}}=7.5 \mathrm{~Hz},{ }^{6} J_{\mathrm{PH}}=2.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, p$-dipp $), 3.15\left(\mathrm{sp},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{HH}}=6.9\right.$ $\left.\left.\mathrm{Hz}, 4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C} H \mathrm{Me}_{2}\right), 1.55\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{PH}}=12.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 6 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{PCH}\right)_{3}\right), 0.96(\mathrm{~d}$, $\left.{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{HH}}=6.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 12 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH} M e_{2}\right), 0.86\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{HH}}=6.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 12 \mathrm{H}\right.$, $\left.\mathrm{CHMe})_{2}\right) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}\left\{{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CD}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right): \delta 155.62\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{2} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=5.3 \mathrm{~Hz}\right.$, dbf-OC), 144.39 (s, o-dipp), 143.09 ( $\mathrm{d},{ }^{2} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=6.8 \mathrm{~Hz}$, ipsodipp), $135.22\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{1} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=95.8 \mathrm{~Hz}\right.$, ipso-Ph), $133.20\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=3.8\right.$ $\mathrm{Hz}, m-\mathrm{Ph}), 131.72\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{4} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=2.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, p-\mathrm{Ph}\right), 130.42\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{2} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=\right.$ $10.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3,8-\mathrm{dbf}), 129.17\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{2} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=12.1 \mathrm{~Hz}\right.$, o-Ph), 124.89 (s, p-dipp), $124.36\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=6.8 \mathrm{~Hz}\right.$, quaternary dbf), 124.05 $\left(\mathrm{d},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=9.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2,8-\mathrm{dbf}\right), 122.93\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{4} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=1.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, m\right.$-dipp $)$, $119.57\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{4} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=3.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1,9-\mathrm{dbf}\right), 118.60\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{1} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=109.4 \mathrm{~Hz}\right.$, $4,6-\mathrm{dbf}), 28.84\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{CH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 24.00\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{CH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 23.78$ (s, $\left.\mathrm{CH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 15.84\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{1} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=69.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{PCH}_{3}\right) \cdot{ }^{31} \mathrm{P}\left\{{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\} \mathrm{NMR}$ $\left(\mathrm{CD}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right): \delta-15.21$ (s). Anal. Calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{50} \mathrm{H}_{56} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{OP}_{2}: \mathrm{C}$, $78.71 ;$ H, 7.40 ; N, 3.67. Found: C, 78.68; H, 7.68; N, 3.77.

## Synthesis of meso-4

Meso-4 was prepared via a similar procedure as that described for rac-4. Thus, meso-2 ( $283 \mathrm{mg}, 0.643 \mathrm{mmol}$ ), diethylamine $(15 \mathrm{~mL})$ and $\mathrm{PippN}_{3}(238.5 \mathrm{mg}, 1.48 \mathrm{mmol})$, yielded a colourless solid ( $310 \mathrm{mg}, 0.46 \mathrm{mmol}, 71 \%$ ). ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CD}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right): \delta$ $8.20\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{HH}}=7.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, 1,9-\mathrm{dbf}\right), 7.90\left(\mathrm{dd},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{HH}}=7.6 \mathrm{~Hz}\right.$, $\left.{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{PH}}=12.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, 3,7-\mathrm{dbf}\right), 7.76\left(\mathrm{dd},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{HH}}=7.6 \mathrm{~Hz},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{PH}}=\right.$ $12.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 4 \mathrm{H}, m-\mathrm{Ph}$ ), $7.53-7.36$ (ov m, $8 \mathrm{H}, 2,8-\mathrm{dbf}+o-\mathrm{Ph}+$ $p$-Ph), $6.84\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{HH}}=8.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 4 \mathrm{H}, m\right.$-Pipp $), 6.59\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{HH}}=8.1\right.$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 4 \mathrm{H}, o-\mathrm{Pipp}), 2.72\left(\mathrm{sp},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{HH}}=6.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 2.08$ $\left(\mathrm{d},{ }^{2} J_{\mathrm{PH}}=13.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 6 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{PCH}_{3}\right), 1.14\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{HH}}=6.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 12 \mathrm{H}\right.$, $\left.\mathrm{CH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}\left\{{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CD}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right): \delta 156.28\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{2} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=2.7\right.$ $\mathrm{Hz}, \mathrm{dbf-OC}), 149.55\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{2} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=3.3 \mathrm{~Hz}\right.$, ipso-Pipp), 137.97 (s, p-Pipp), 133.04 (s, quaternary dbf), $132.78\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{2} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=6.1 \mathrm{~Hz}\right.$, $3,7-\mathrm{dbf}), 132.25\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{4} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=2.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, p-\mathrm{Ph}\right), 131.59\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=10.5\right.$
$\mathrm{Hz}, m-\mathrm{Ph}), 129.34\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{2} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=12.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, o-\mathrm{Ph}\right), 127.16$ (s, $m$-Pipp), $125.25\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{4} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=2.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1,9-\mathrm{dbf}\right), 124.65\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{1} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=6.1 \mathrm{~Hz}\right.$, ipso-Ph), $124.25\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=9.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2,8-\mathrm{dbf}\right), 122.92\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=\right.$ $19.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, o-\mathrm{Pipp}), 117.19\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{1} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=85.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 4,6-\mathrm{dbf}\right), 33.67$ (s, $\left.\mathrm{CH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 24.58\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{CH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 15.35\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{1} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=74.3 \mathrm{~Hz}\right.$, $\left.\mathrm{PCH}_{3}\right) .{ }^{31} \mathrm{P}\left\{{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CD}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right): \delta-2.07$ (s). Anal. Calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{44} \mathrm{H}_{44} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{OP}_{2}$ : C, $77.86 ; \mathrm{H}, 6.53$; N, 4.13. Found: C, $77.42 ; \mathrm{H}$, 6.54; N, 4.20.

## Synthesis of rac-5a

Rac-4a (200 mg, 0.26 mmol$)$ and $\left[\mathrm{H}_{\left.\left(\mathrm{Et}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right)_{2}\right]^{+}}\right.$ $\left[\mathrm{B}\left(3,5-\left\{\mathrm{CF}_{3}\right\}_{2} \mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{3}\right)_{4}\right]^{-}(265 \mathrm{mg}, 0.26 \mathrm{mmol})$ were dissolved in benzene ( 3 mL ) and the yellowish solution was stirred for 1 h . Volatiles were removed in vacuo and pentane ( 5 mL ) was added to the residue. The resultant colourless solid was collected by filtration and washed with pentane ( $2 \times 5 \mathrm{~mL}$ ) ( 390 mg , $0.24 \mathrm{mmol}, 91 \%$ ). X-ray quality single crystals were obtained from layering heptane onto a methylene chloride solution of rac-5a. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CD}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right): \delta 8.38\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{HH}}=7.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, 1,9-\right.$ dbf ), $7.85-7.68\left(\mathrm{ov} \mathrm{m}, 16 \mathrm{H}, 3,7-\mathrm{dbf}+o-\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{3}\left(\mathrm{CF}_{3}\right)_{2}-\mathrm{Ph}\right), 7.55$ (s, 4H, $\left.p-\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{3}\left(\mathrm{CF}_{3}\right)_{2}\right)$ ), $7.42-7.36$ (br m, 2H, $p$-dipp), 7.19 (br $\mathrm{m}, 4 \mathrm{H}, m-\mathrm{Ph}$ ), 7.07 (br ov m, $6 \mathrm{H}, m$-dipp $+p$-dipp), 4.79 (br s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{N} H), 2.81\left(\mathrm{sp},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{HH}}=6.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C} H \mathrm{Me}_{2}\right), 2.00\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{2} J_{\mathrm{PH}}=\right.$ $\left.12.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 6 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{PCH} H_{3}\right), 0.92\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{HH}}=6.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 12 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH} M e_{2}\right)$, $0.66\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{HH}}=6.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 12 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH} M e_{2}\right) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}\left\{{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\} \operatorname{NMR}\left(\mathrm{CD}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right)$ : $\delta 162.29\left(\mathrm{q}, 1: 1: 1: 1,{ }^{1} J_{\mathrm{BC}}=49.8 \mathrm{~Hz}\right.$, ipso- $\left.\mathrm{B}\left[\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{3}\left(\mathrm{CF}_{3}\right)_{2}\right]_{4}\right)$, 156.41 (s, dbf-OC), 145.60 (br ov, ipso-dipp and o-dipp), 135.34 (s, o-C6 $\left.\mathrm{H}_{3}\left(\mathrm{CF}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 134.30$ (br, $p$-dipp), $131.00\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=11.3\right.$ $\mathrm{Hz}, m-\mathrm{Ph}), 130.45\left(\mathrm{ov}\right.$, ipso-Ph), $130.28\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{2} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=13.6 \mathrm{~Hz}\right.$, $o-\mathrm{Ph}), 129.40\left(\mathrm{qq},{ }^{2} J_{\mathrm{CF}}=31.4 \mathrm{~Hz},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{CB}}=2.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, m-C_{6} \mathrm{H}_{3}\left(\mathrm{CF}_{3}\right)_{2}\right)$, 129.39 (ov, quaternary dbf), 127.58 (br s, 1,9-dbf), 125.52 $\left(\mathrm{d},{ }^{2} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=10.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3,7-\mathrm{dbf}\right), 125.14\left(\mathrm{q},{ }^{1} J_{\mathrm{CF}}=272.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, C \mathrm{~F}_{3}\right)$, $124.75\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=6.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2,8-\mathrm{dbf}\right), 124.42$ (br s, $m$-dipp and $p-\mathrm{Ph}), 118.02\left(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{sp},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{CF}}=4.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, p-\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{3}\left(\mathrm{CF}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 29.39(\mathrm{~s}$, $\left.\mathrm{CH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 24.00\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{CH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 23.41\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{CH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 10.96$ (d, ${ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=66.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{PCH}_{3}$ ). One aromatic carbon signal was not observed. ${ }^{31} \mathrm{P}\left\{{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CD}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right): \delta 9.17$ (br s). ${ }^{11} \mathrm{~B}\left\{{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CD}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right): \delta-6.61$ (s). ${ }^{19} \mathrm{~F}\left\{{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CD}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right): \delta-62.83$ (s). Anal. Calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{82} \mathrm{H}_{69} \mathrm{BF}_{24} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{OP}_{2}$ : C, 60.53 ; $\mathrm{H}, 4.27$; N, 1.72 . Found: C, 60.75; H, 4.26; N, 1.89.

## Synthesis of rac-5b

Rac-5b was prepared via a similar procedure as that described for rac-5a from rac-4a (208 mg, 0.27 mmol ) and $\left[\mathrm{H}\left(\mathrm{Et}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right)_{2}\right]^{+}[\mathrm{B}$ $\left.\left(\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{~F}_{5}\right)_{4}\right]^{-}$( $210 \mathrm{mg}, 0.27 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) to afford a colourless solid ( $380 \mathrm{mg}, 0.26 \mathrm{mmol}, 96.6 \%$ ). ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H} \operatorname{NMR}\left(\mathrm{CD}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right): \delta 8.41$ (d, $\left.{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{HH}}=7.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, 1,9-\mathrm{dbf}\right), 7.90-7.68(\mathrm{ov} \mathrm{m}, 8 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{dbf}+\mathrm{Ph})$, $7.42\left(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{t},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{HH}}=7.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}\right.$, aromatic H$), 7.21(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{ov} \mathrm{m}, 4 \mathrm{H}$, aromatic H), 7.07 (br ov m, 6 H , dipp), 4.78 (br s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}$ ), 2.82 ( $\left.\mathrm{sp},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{HH}}=6.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C} H\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 1.98\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{PH}}=12.3 \mathrm{~Hz}\right.$, $\left.6 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{PCH})_{3}\right), 0.92\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{HH}}=6.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 12 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 0.68(\mathrm{~d}$, $\left.{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{HH}}=6.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 12 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}\left\{{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\} \operatorname{NMR}\left(\mathrm{CD}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right): \delta$ 156.41 (s, dbf-OC), 150.31 (br, aromatic quaternary C), 147.12 (br, aromatic quaternary C$), 145.65(\mathrm{br}$, aromatic quaternary C ), 140.47 (br m, $\left.\mathrm{B}\left(C_{6} \mathrm{~F}_{5}\right)_{4}\right), 138.34$ (br m, $\left.\mathrm{B}\left(C_{6} \mathrm{~F}_{5}\right)_{4}\right), 137.14$ (br m, $\left.\mathrm{B}\left(C_{6} \mathrm{~F}_{5}\right)_{4}\right), 135.14$ (br m, $\left.\mathrm{B}\left(C_{6} \mathrm{~F}_{5}\right)_{4}\right), 134.43$ (br s, Ph), 131.70
(ov, aromatic C), $131.02\left(\mathrm{~d}, J_{\mathrm{CP}}=6.6 \mathrm{~Hz}\right.$, aromatic C), 130.30 $\left(\mathrm{d}, J_{\mathrm{CP}}=12.8 \mathrm{~Hz}\right.$, aromatic C), 128.85 (s, aromatic C), 127.68 (br s, 1,9-dbf), 127.65 (ov, aromatic C), 125.56 (d, $J_{\mathrm{CP}}=10.6$ Hz , aromatic C), 124.83 (br s, aromatic quaternary C), 124.43 (s, dipp), $29.40\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{CH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 23.98\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{CH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 23.42(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{CH}$ $\left.\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 10.94$ (br d, $\left.{ }^{1} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=74.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{PCH}_{3}\right) .{ }^{31} \mathrm{P}\left\{{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CD}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right): \delta 9.2$ (br). ${ }^{11} \mathrm{~B}\left\{{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CD}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right): \delta-16.67$ (s). ${ }^{19} \mathrm{~F}$ $\left\{{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CD}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right): \delta-133.08\left(\mathrm{br}, 8 \mathrm{~F}, o-\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{~F}_{5}\right),-163.62$ $\left(\mathrm{t},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{FF}}=21.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 4 \mathrm{~F}, p-\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{~F}_{5}\right.$ ), -167.48 (br, $8 \mathrm{~F}, m-\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{~F}_{5}$ ). Anal. Calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{74} \mathrm{H}_{57} \mathrm{BF}_{20} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{OP}_{2}$ : C, 61.59; H, 3.98; N, 1.94. Found: C, 60.70; H, 4.00; N, 2.19.

## Synthesis of rac-5

Rac-5 was prepared via a similar procedure as that described for rac-5a, using rac-4 (345 mg, 0.508 mmol$)$ and $\left[\mathrm{H}\left(\mathrm{Et}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right)_{2}\right]^{+}$ $\left[\mathrm{B}\left(3,5-\left\{\mathrm{CF}_{3}\right\}_{2} \mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{3}\right)_{4}\right]^{-}(515 \mathrm{mg}, 0.508 \mathrm{mmol})$ to obtain a colourless solid ( $680 \mathrm{mg}, 0.44 \mathrm{mmol}, 87 \%$ ). ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CD}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right): \delta$ $8.34\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{HH}}=7.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, 1,9-\mathrm{dbf}\right), 7.73-7.45(\mathrm{ov} \mathrm{m}, 26 \mathrm{H}$, dbf $\left.+\mathrm{Ph}+\mathrm{C}_{6} H_{3}\left(\mathrm{CF}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 6.91\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{HH}}=7.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 4 \mathrm{H}, m\right.$-Pipp $), 6.62$ $\left(\mathrm{d},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{HH}}=8.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 4 \mathrm{H}, o-\mathrm{Pipp}\right), 6.42(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}), 2.74(\mathrm{sp}$, $\left.{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{HH}}=6.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 2.09\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{2} J_{\mathrm{PH}}=12.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 6 \mathrm{H}\right.$, $\left.\mathrm{PCH}_{3}\right), 1.12\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{HH}}=6.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 12 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}\left\{{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR ( $\mathrm{CD}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ ): $\delta 162.33$ (q $1: 1: 1: 1,{ }^{1} J_{\mathrm{BC}}=49.8 \mathrm{~Hz}$, ipso-B $\left.\left[\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{3}\left(\mathrm{CF}_{3}\right)_{2}\right]_{4}\right), 156.92$ (s, dbf-OC), 143.36 (s, p-Pipp), 141.50 (s, quaternary dbf), $135.36\left(\mathrm{~s}, o-C_{6} \mathrm{H}_{3}\left(\mathrm{CF}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 134.60\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{4} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=\right.$ $2.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, p-\mathrm{Ph}), 132.18\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{2} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=7.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3,7-\mathrm{dbf}\right), 132.04(\mathrm{~d}$, $\left.{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=11.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, m-\mathrm{Ph}\right), 130.24\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{2} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=13.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, o-\mathrm{Ph}\right), 129.42$ $\left(\mathrm{qq},{ }^{2} J_{\mathrm{CF}}=31.79 \mathrm{~Hz},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{CB}}=3.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, m-C_{6} \mathrm{H}_{3}\left(\mathrm{CF}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 128.03(\mathrm{~s}$, $m$-Pipp $), 127.78\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{4} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=2.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1,9-\mathrm{dbf}\right), 125.99\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{1} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=\right.$ 107.17 Hz, ipso-Ph), $125.45\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=10.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, o-\mathrm{Pipp}\right), 125.14$ $\left(\mathrm{q},{ }^{1} J_{\mathrm{CF}}=272.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, C \mathrm{~F}_{3}\right), 124.79\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{2} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=10.4 \mathrm{~Hz}\right.$, ipsoPipp), $123.33\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=12.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2,8-\mathrm{dbf}\right), 118.03\left(\mathrm{sp},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{CF}}=\right.$ $\left.3.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, p-C_{6} \mathrm{H}_{3}\left(\mathrm{CF}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 112.13\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{1} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=90.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 4,6-\mathrm{dbf}\right)$, $33.81\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{CH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 24.28\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{CH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 13.06\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{1} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=\right.$ $\left.71.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{PCH}_{3}\right) .{ }^{31} \mathrm{P}\left\{{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CD}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right): \delta 15.20(\mathrm{~s}) .{ }^{11} \mathrm{~B}\left\{{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CD}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right): \delta-6.57$ (s). ${ }^{19} \mathrm{~F}\left\{{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CD}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right): \delta-61.89$ (s). Anal. Calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{76} \mathrm{H}_{57} \mathrm{BF}_{24} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{OP}_{2}$ : C, 59.16 ; $\mathrm{H}, 3.72$; N , 1.82. Found: C, 59.27; H, 3.87; N, 1.91.

## Synthesis of meso-5

Meso- 5 was prepared via a similar procedure as that described for rac-5a, from meso-4 ( $240 \mathrm{mg}, 0.354 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) and $[\mathrm{H}$ $\left.\left(\mathrm{Et}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right)_{2}\right]^{+}\left\{\mathrm{B}\left[3,5-\left(\mathrm{CF}_{3}\right)_{2} \mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{3}\right]_{4}\right\}^{-}(358 \mathrm{mg}, 0.354 \mathrm{mmol})$ to yield a beige solid ( $440 \mathrm{mg}, 0.29 \mathrm{mmol}, 81 \%$ ). ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H} \operatorname{NMR}\left(\mathrm{CD}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right): \delta$ $8.35\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{HH}}=7.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, 1,9-\mathrm{dbf}\right), 7.73-7.36(\mathrm{~m}, 26 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{dbf}+$ $\left.\mathrm{Ph}+\mathrm{C}_{6} H_{3}\left(\mathrm{CF}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 6.89\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{HH}}=8.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 4 \mathrm{H}, m\right.$-Pipp $), 6.62(\mathrm{~d}$, $\left.{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{HH}}=7.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 4 \mathrm{H}, o-\mathrm{Pipp}\right), 6.39(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}), 2.73\left(\mathrm{sp},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{HH}}\right.$ $\left.=6.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 2.17\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{2} J_{\mathrm{PH}}=13.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 6 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{PCH}_{3}\right)$, $1.12\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{HH}}=6.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 12 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}\left\{{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\} \quad \mathrm{NMR}$ $\left(\mathrm{CD}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right): \delta 162.30\left(\mathrm{q}, 1: 1: 1: 1,{ }^{1} J_{\mathrm{BC}}=49.8 \mathrm{~Hz}\right.$, ipso-B $\left.\left[\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{3}\left(\mathrm{CF}_{3}\right)_{2}\right]_{4}\right), 157.04$ (s, dbf-OC), 143.35 (s, p-Pipp), 141.58 (s, quaternary dbf), $135.34\left(\mathrm{~s}, o-C_{6} \mathrm{H}_{3}\left(\mathrm{CF}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 134.55\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{4} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=\right.$ $2.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, p-\mathrm{Ph}), 131.98\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{2} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=10.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, o-\mathrm{Ph}\right), 131.94\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{2} J_{\mathrm{CP}}\right.$ $=4.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3,7-\mathrm{dbf}), 130.18\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=13.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, m-\mathrm{Ph}\right), 129.42$ $\left(\mathrm{qq},{ }^{2} J_{\mathrm{CF}}=30.9 \mathrm{~Hz},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{CB}}=2.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, m-C_{6} \mathrm{H}_{3}\left(\mathrm{CF}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 128.86(\mathrm{~s}$, ipso-Ph), 127.96 (s, m-Pipp), 127.76 (br, 1,9-dbf), 125.44 (d,
$\left.{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=9.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2,8-\mathrm{dbf}\right), 125.14\left(\mathrm{q},{ }^{1} J_{\mathrm{CF}}=272.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, C \mathrm{~F}_{3}\right)$, $124.77\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{2} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=6.0 \mathrm{~Hz}\right.$, ipso-Pipp), $123.68\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=12.7 \mathrm{~Hz}\right.$, $o$-Pipp), $118.03\left(\mathrm{sp},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{CF}}=3.87 \mathrm{~Hz}, p-C_{6} \mathrm{H}_{3}\left(\mathrm{CF}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 112.37(\mathrm{~d}$, $\left.{ }^{1} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=89.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 4,6-\mathrm{dbf}\right), 33.80\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{CH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 24.28(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{CH}$ $\left.\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 12.95\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{1} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=70.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{PCH}_{3}\right) .{ }^{31} \mathrm{P}\left\{{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CD}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right): \delta 15.84(\mathrm{~s}) .{ }^{11} \mathrm{~B}\left\{{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\} \operatorname{NMR}\left(\mathrm{CD}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right): \delta-6.60(\mathrm{~s})$. ${ }^{19} \mathrm{~F}\left\{{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CD}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right): \delta-61.93$ (s). Anal. Calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{76} \mathrm{H}_{57} \mathrm{BF}_{24} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{OP}_{2}$ : C, 59.16; H, 3.72; N, 1.82. Found: C, 59.60; H, 3.74; N, 1.91.

## Synthesis of rac-6

Rac-5 (100 mg, $64.8 \mu \mathrm{~mol})$ was dissolved in methylene chloride $(1.5 \mathrm{~mL})$ and excess diethylzinc $(0.1 \mathrm{~mL})$ was added. The solution was stirred at ambient temperature for 15 min and the volatiles were removed in vacuo. After washing with pentane ( $3 \times$ 2 mL ), the thick residue was dried under reduced pressure to give a white solid ( $100 \mathrm{mg}, 60.9 \mu \mathrm{~mol}, 94 \%$ ). ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CD}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right): \delta 8.37\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{HH}}=7.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, 1,9-\mathrm{dbf}\right), 7.72-7.45(\mathrm{ov}$ $\left.\mathrm{m}, 26 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{dbf}+\mathrm{Ph}+\mathrm{C}_{6} H_{3}\left(\mathrm{CF}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 6.80\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{HH}}=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 4 \mathrm{H}\right.$, $m$-Pipp $), 6.48\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{HH}}=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 4 \mathrm{H}, o\right.$-Pipp $), 2.74\left(\mathrm{sp},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{HH}}=\right.$ $\left.6.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 2.14\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{2} J_{\mathrm{PH}}=12.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 6 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{PCH} \mathrm{P}_{3}\right)$, $1.14\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{HH}}=7.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 12 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 0.64\left(\mathrm{t},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{HH}}=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}\right.$, $\left.3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Zn}\right),-0.22\left(\mathrm{q},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{HH}}=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Zn}\right)$. ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}\left\{{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CD}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right): \delta 162.29\left(\mathrm{q} 1: 1: 1: 1,{ }^{1} J_{\mathrm{BC}}=50.0\right.$ Hz , ipso-B[C6 $\left.\left.\mathrm{H}_{3}\left(\mathrm{CF}_{3}\right)_{2}\right]_{4}\right), 156.73$ (s, dbf-OC), 144.48 (d, ${ }^{5} J_{\mathrm{CP}}$ $=3.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, p$-Pipp $), 142.80\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=6.0 \mathrm{~Hz}\right.$, quaternary dbf), $135.35\left(\mathrm{~s}, o-C_{6} \mathrm{H}_{3}\left(\mathrm{CF}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 134.56\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{4} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=2.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, p-\mathrm{Ph}\right)$, $131.99\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{2} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=10.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, o-\mathrm{Ph}\right), 130.76\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{2} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=8.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3,7-\right.$ dbf), $130.17\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{2} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=12.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, m-\mathrm{Ph}\right), 129.42\left(\mathrm{qq},{ }^{2} J_{\mathrm{CF}}=30.9\right.$ $\left.\mathrm{Hz},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{CB}}=2.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, m-C_{6} \mathrm{H}_{3}\left(\mathrm{CF}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 127.93\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{4} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=1.5 \mathrm{~Hz}\right.$, $1,9-\mathrm{dbf}), 127.55\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{1} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=101.0 \mathrm{~Hz}\right.$, ipso-Ph), $126.90(\mathrm{ov}$ $m$-Pipp), $126.26\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=11.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, o\right.$-Pipp $), 125.86\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=\right.$ $9.9 \mathrm{~Hz} 2,8-\mathrm{dbf}), 125.15\left(\mathrm{q},{ }^{1} J_{\mathrm{CF}}=272.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, C \mathrm{~F}_{3}\right), 124.74$ $\left(\mathrm{d},{ }^{2} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=6.1 \mathrm{~Hz}\right.$, ipso-Pipp), $118.02\left(\mathrm{sp},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{CF}}=4.0 \mathrm{~Hz}\right.$, $\left.p-C_{6} \mathrm{H}_{3}\left(\mathrm{CF}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 113.64\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{1} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=101.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 4,6-\mathrm{dbf}\right), 33.84$ (s, $\left.\mathrm{CH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 24.29\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{CH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 13.05\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{1} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=67.9 \mathrm{~Hz}\right.$, $\left.\mathrm{PCH}_{3}\right), 12.55\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Zn}\right), 2.23\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Zn}\right) .{ }^{31} \mathrm{P}\left\{{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CD}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right): \delta 24.98(\mathrm{~s}) .{ }^{11} \mathrm{~B}\left\{{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CD}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right): \delta-6.61$ (s). ${ }^{19} \mathrm{~F}\left\{{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CD}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right): \delta-61.95$ (s). Anal. Calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{78} \mathrm{H}_{61} \mathrm{BF}_{24} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{OP}_{2} \mathrm{Zn}: \mathrm{C}, 57.25 ; \mathrm{H}, 3.76 ; \mathrm{N}, 1.71$. Found: C , 57.44; H, 3.88; N, 1.78.

## Synthesis of rac-6a

In a glovebox, rac-5a ( $60 \mathrm{mg}, 0.0369 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) was dissolved in bromobenzene ( 0.5 mL ), and diethylzinc (excess) was added dropwise. After stirring the solution for 5 min , pentane ( 3 mL ) was added and an oil formed in the bottom of the reaction vessel. The pentane layer was separated and the oil was washed with pentane $(3 \times 3 \mathrm{~mL})$, yielding a solid which was dried in vaсиo ( $50 \mathrm{mg}, 0.029 \mathrm{mmol}, 78.9 \%$ ). X-ray quality single crystals were obtained from layering heptane onto a methylene chloride solution of rac-6a. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H} \operatorname{NMR}\left(\mathrm{CD}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right): \delta 8.43\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{HH}}=7.8 \mathrm{~Hz}\right.$, $2 \mathrm{H}, 1,9-\mathrm{dbf}), 7.72$ (br ov m, 10H, dbf +Ph ), $7.55(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{ov} \mathrm{m}, 8 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.\mathrm{Ph}+\mathrm{B}\left[\mathrm{C}_{6} H_{3}\left(\mathrm{CF}_{3}\right)_{2}\right]_{4}\right), 7.41-7.27$ (br m, $\left.8 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{B}\left[\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{3}\left(\mathrm{CF}_{3}\right)_{2}\right]_{4}\right)$, 7.13 (m, 2H, p-dipp), 7.00 (br m, 4H, m-dipp), 3.05 (br m, 4H, $\left.\mathrm{CH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 2.08\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{PH}}=11.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 6 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{PCH} H_{3}\right), 0.90-0.30(\mathrm{br}$
$\left.\mathrm{m}, 24 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 0.01\left(\mathrm{t},{ }^{3} \mathrm{~J}_{\mathrm{HH}}=7.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ZnCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$, -0.80 (br m, $2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ZnCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}$ ). ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}\left\{{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CD}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right): \delta$ 162.29 (q, 1:1:1:1, ${ }^{1} J_{\mathrm{BC}}=49.8 \mathrm{~Hz}$, ipso- $\left.\mathrm{B}\left[\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{3}\left(\mathrm{CF}_{3}\right)_{2}\right]_{4}\right)$, 157.41 (s, dbf-OC), 146.16 (d, ${ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=4.8 \mathrm{~Hz}$, dbf-quaternary), 135.33 (s, $\left.o-C_{6} \mathrm{H}_{3}\left(\mathrm{CF}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 134.29$ (br s, $\left.p-\mathrm{Ph}\right), 132.11$ (br ov m, $o-\mathrm{Ph}+\mathrm{dbf}), 130.34$ (ov, dbf), $130.14\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{2} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=12.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, m-\mathrm{Ph}\right)$, $129.38\left(\mathrm{qq},{ }^{2} J_{\mathrm{CF}}=31.9 \mathrm{~Hz},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{CB}}=2.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, m-C_{6} \mathrm{H}_{3}\left(\mathrm{CF}_{3}\right)_{2}\right)$, $127.51\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{4} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=2.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1,9-\mathrm{dbf}\right), 126.35\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=2.6 \mathrm{~Hz}\right.$, $o$-dipp), 125.99 (d, $\left.{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=10.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2,8-\mathrm{dbf}\right), 125.43$ (s, $p$-dipp), $125.12\left(\mathrm{q},{ }^{1} J_{\mathrm{CF}}=272.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, C \mathrm{~F}_{3}\right), 124.68\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{2} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=6.8 \mathrm{~Hz}\right.$, ipso-dipp), $124.34\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{1} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=101.1 \mathrm{~Hz}\right.$, ipso-Ph), 118.02 (sp, $\left.{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{CF}}=4.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, p-C_{6} \mathrm{H}_{3}\left(\mathrm{CF}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 115.33\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{1} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=100.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 4,6-\right.$ dbf), $28.93\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{CH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 24.74\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{CH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 13.28\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{1} J_{\mathrm{CP}}\right.$ $\left.=167.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{PCH}_{3}\right), 6.57\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right),-0.05\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) .{ }^{31} \mathrm{P}$ $\left\{{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CD}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right): \delta 24.49(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}) .{ }^{11} \mathrm{~B}\left\{{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CD}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right)$ : $\delta-6.61$ (s). ${ }^{19} \mathrm{~F}\left\{{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CD}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right): \delta-62.84$ (s). Anal. Calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{84} \mathrm{H}_{73} \mathrm{BF}_{24} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{OP}_{2} \mathrm{Zn}$ : C, 58.64; H, 4.28; N, 1.63. Found: C, 58.15; H, 4.24; N, 1.57.

## Synthesis of rac-6b

Rac-6b was prepared via a similar procedure as that described for rac-6a (using rac- $\mathbf{5 b}, 76.0 \mathrm{mg}, 0.05 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) to afford a white solid ( $74.4 \mathrm{mg}, 4.84 \mathrm{mmol}$, yield $92 \%$ ). ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CD}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right): \delta$ $8.44\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{HH}}=7.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, 1,9-\mathrm{dbf}\right), 7.69\left(\mathrm{dt},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{HH}}=7.8 \mathrm{~Hz}\right.$, $\left.{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{PH}}=2.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, 2,8-\mathrm{dbf}\right), 7.63-7.46$ (br ov m, $4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ph}$ ), $7.46-7.20(\mathrm{br}$ ov m$, 8 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{dbf}+\mathrm{Ph}), 7.13\left(\mathrm{dt},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{HH}}=7.5 \mathrm{~Hz},{ }^{6} J_{\mathrm{PH}}\right.$ $=2.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, p$-dipp), 7.01 (br ov m, $4 \mathrm{H}, m$-dipp), 3.06 (br m, $\left.4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 2.08\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{2} J_{\mathrm{PH}}=11.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 6 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{PCH}_{3}\right), 1.20-0.18$ (br ov m, 24H, $\left.\mathrm{CH}\left(\mathrm{C}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 0.01\left(\mathrm{t},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{HH}}=8.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}\right.$, $\mathrm{ZnCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}$ ), -0.79 (br m, 2H, $\mathrm{ZnCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}$ ). ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}\left\{{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CD}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right): \delta 157.40$ (s, dbf-OC), 150.24 (br, aromatic C), 147.15 (br, aromatic C ), 146.26 (s, aromatic C ), $141.11\left(\mathrm{br}, \mathrm{B}\left(\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{~F}_{5}\right)_{4}\right)$, 140.39 (br, $\left.\mathrm{B}\left(C_{6} \mathrm{~F}_{5}\right)_{4}\right), 138.49$ (br, $\left.\mathrm{B}\left(C_{6} \mathrm{~F}_{5}\right)_{4}\right), 136.98$ (br, B $\left.\left(C_{6} \mathrm{~F}_{5}\right)_{4}\right), 135.17$ (br, aromatic C$), 134.27$ (s, aromatic C), 132.24 (br, aromatic C), $130.15\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{2} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=12.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, o-\mathrm{Ph}\right), 127.55(\mathrm{~s}$, $1,9-\mathrm{dbf}), 126.34(\mathrm{~s}$, aromatic C$), 126.00\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{4} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=10.6 \mathrm{~Hz}\right.$, $m$-dipp), 125.41 (s, 2,8-dbf), 124.74 ( s , aromatic C), 115.32 (d, $\left.{ }^{1} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=96.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 4,6-\mathrm{dbf}\right), 28.93\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{CH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 24.73(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{CH}$ $\left.\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 14.63\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{1} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=36.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{PCH}_{3}\right), 12.16(\mathrm{~s}$, $\left.\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Zn}\right), 6.57\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Zn}\right) .{ }^{31} \mathrm{P}\left\{{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CD}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right): \delta$ 24.65 (br s). ${ }^{11} \mathrm{~B}\left\{{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\} \operatorname{NMR}\left(\mathrm{CD}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right): \delta-16.67$ (s). ${ }^{19} \mathrm{~F}\left\{{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CD}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right): \delta-133.05\left(\mathrm{br}, 8 \mathrm{~F}, o-\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{~F}_{5}\right),-163.69\left(\mathrm{t},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{FF}}=\right.$ $19.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 4 \mathrm{~F}, p-\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{~F}_{5}$ ), -167.53 (br, $8 \mathrm{~F}, m-\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{~F}_{5}$ ). Anal. Calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{76} \mathrm{H}_{61} \mathrm{BF}_{20} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{OP}_{2} \mathrm{Zn}: \mathrm{C}, 59.41 ; \mathrm{H}, 4.00$; N, 1.82. Found: C, 58.39; H, 4.00; N, 1.78.

## Synthesis of meso-6

Meso-6 was prepared via a similar procedure as that described for rac-6, using meso-5 (100 mg, $64.8 \mu \mathrm{~mol})$ and diethylzinc ( 0.05 mL , excess), yielding a white solid ( $94 \mathrm{mg}, 57.7 \mu \mathrm{~mol}$, $89 \%) .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CD}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right): \delta 8.42\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{HH}}=7.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, 1,9-\right.$ dbf ), 7.73-7.52 (ov m, $\left.22 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{dbf}+\mathrm{Ph}+\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{3}\left(\mathrm{CF}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 7.42(\mathrm{~m}$, $4 \mathrm{H}, m-\mathrm{Ph}), 6.76\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{HH}}=8.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 4 \mathrm{H}, m\right.$-Pipp $), 6.44\left(\mathrm{dd},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{HH}}\right.$ $\left.=8.5 \mathrm{~Hz},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{PH}}=2.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 4 \mathrm{H}, o-\mathrm{Pipp}\right), 2.71\left(\mathrm{sp},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{HH}}=6.8 \mathrm{~Hz}\right.$, $\left.2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 2.17\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{2} J_{\mathrm{PH}}=12.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 6 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{PCH}_{3}\right), 1.12(\mathrm{~d}$, $\left.{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{HH}}=6.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 12 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 0.68\left(\mathrm{t},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{HH}}=8.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}\right.$,
$\left.\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Zn}\right),-0.33\left(\mathrm{q},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{HH}}=8.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Zn}\right) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ $\left\{{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CD}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right): \delta 162.30\left(\mathrm{q} 1: 1: 1: 1,{ }^{1} J_{\mathrm{BC}}=49.6 \mathrm{~Hz}\right.$, ipso- $\left.\mathrm{B}\left[\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{3}\left(\mathrm{CF}_{3}\right)_{2}\right]_{4}\right), 156.78(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{dbf}-\mathrm{OC}), 144.57\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{5} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=3.3\right.$ $\mathrm{Hz}, p$-Pipp $), 142.69\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=6.0 \mathrm{~Hz}\right.$, quaternary dbf), 135.34 $\left(\mathrm{s}, o-C_{6} \mathrm{H}_{3}\left(\mathrm{CF}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 134.42\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{4} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=2.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, p-\mathrm{Ph}\right), 131.78(\mathrm{~d}$, $\left.{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=10.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, m-\mathrm{Ph}\right), 130.74\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{2} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=8.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3,7-\mathrm{dbf}\right)$, $130.11\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{2} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=12.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, o-\mathrm{Ph}\right), 129.40\left(\mathrm{qq},{ }^{2} J_{\mathrm{CF}}=31.3 \mathrm{~Hz}\right.$, $\left.{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{CB}}=2.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, m-C_{6} \mathrm{H}_{3}\left(\mathrm{CF}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 128.14\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{1} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=104.0 \mathrm{~Hz}\right.$, ipso-Ph), 127.85 (br ov, $1,9-\mathrm{dbf}$ and $m$-Pipp), 126.25 ( $\mathrm{d},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=$ $11.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, o-\mathrm{Pipp}), 125.99\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=9.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2,8-\mathrm{dbf}\right), 125.12(\mathrm{q}$, $\left.{ }^{1} J_{\mathrm{CF}}=272.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, C \mathrm{~F}_{3}\right), 124.80\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{2} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=5.3 \mathrm{~Hz}\right.$, ipso-Pipp), $118.01\left(\mathrm{sp},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{CF}}=4.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, p-C_{6} \mathrm{H}_{3}\left(\mathrm{CF}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 113.52\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{1} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=\right.$ $101.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 4,6-\mathrm{dbf}), 33.79\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{CH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 24.27\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{CH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right)$, $12.59\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Zn}\right), 12.11\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{1} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=67.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{PCH}_{3}\right), 2.58(\mathrm{~s}$, $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Zn}$ ). ${ }^{31} \mathrm{P}\left\{{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CD}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right): \delta 24.98$ (s). ${ }^{11} \mathrm{~B}\left\{{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CD}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right): \delta-6.61$ (s). ${ }^{19} \mathrm{~F}\left\{{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CD}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right): \delta-61.96$ (s). Anal. Calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{78} \mathrm{H}_{61} \mathrm{BF}_{24} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{OP}_{2} \mathrm{Zn}: \mathrm{C}, 57.25 ; \mathrm{H}, 3.76$; N , 1.71. Found: C, 57.37 ; H, 3.81; N, 1.77.

## Synthesis of rac-7

Rac-7 was prepared via a similar procedure as that described for rac-6, from rac-5 (100 mg, $64.8 \mu \mathrm{~mol})$ and dimethylzinc ( 1.2 M toluene solution, 0.27 mL ) to yield a beige solid ( 84 mg , $51.84 \mu \mathrm{~mol}, 80 \%) .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CD}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right): \delta 8.40\left(\mathrm{dt},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{HH}}=7.9\right.$ $\mathrm{Hz},{ }^{5} J_{\mathrm{PH}}=1.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, 1,9-\mathrm{dbf}$ ), 7.72-7.41 (ov m, $26 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{dbf}+$ $\left.\mathrm{Ph}+\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{3}\left(\mathrm{CF}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 6.80\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{HH}}=7.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 4 \mathrm{H}, m\right.$-Pipp $), 6.47$ $\left(\mathrm{dd},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{HH}}=8.4 \mathrm{~Hz},{ }^{4} J_{\mathrm{PH}}=2.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 4 \mathrm{H}, o-\mathrm{Pipp}\right), 2.74\left(\mathrm{sp},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{HH}}=\right.$ $\left.6.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 2.13\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{2} J_{\mathrm{PH}}=12.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 6 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{PCH}_{3}\right)$, $1.14\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{HH}}=6.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 12 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right),-1.10\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ZnCH}_{3}\right)$. ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}\left\{{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CD}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right): \delta 162.36\left(\mathrm{q} 1: 1: 1: 1,{ }^{1} J_{\mathrm{BC}}=49.7\right.$ Hz , ipso- $\left.\mathrm{B}\left[\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{3}\left(\mathrm{CF}_{3}\right)_{2}\right]_{4}\right), 156.73(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{dbf-OC}), 144.65\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{5} J_{\mathrm{CP}}\right.$ $=3.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, p$-Pipp $), 142.61\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=6.6 \mathrm{~Hz}\right.$, quaternary dbf), $135.35\left(\mathrm{~s}, o-C_{6} \mathrm{H}_{3}\left(\mathrm{CF}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 134.53\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{4} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=3.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, p-\mathrm{Ph}\right)$, $132.03\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{2} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=10.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, o-\mathrm{Ph}\right), 130.95\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{2} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=7.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3,7-\right.$ dbf), $130.11\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{2} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=12.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, m-\mathrm{Ph}\right), 129.41\left(\mathrm{qq},{ }^{2} J_{\mathrm{CF}}=31.9\right.$ $\left.\mathrm{Hz},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{CB}}=2.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, m-C_{6} \mathrm{H}_{3}\left(\mathrm{CF}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 128.86$ (s, $m$-Pipp), 127.86 (d, $\left.{ }^{4} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=1.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1,9-\mathrm{dbf}\right), 127.58\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{1} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=102.4 \mathrm{~Hz}\right.$, ipso$\mathrm{Ph}), 126.20\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=11.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, o\right.$-Pipp $), 126.14\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=9.1\right.$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 2,8-\mathrm{dbf}), 125.15\left(\mathrm{q},{ }^{1} J_{\mathrm{CF}}=272.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, C \mathrm{~F}_{3}\right), 124.77\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{2} J_{\mathrm{CP}}\right.$ $=6.0 \mathrm{~Hz}$, ipso-Pipp), $118.03\left(\mathrm{sp},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{CF}}=3.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, p-C_{6} \mathrm{H}_{3}\left(\mathrm{CF}_{3}\right)_{2}\right)$, $113.46\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{1} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=101.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 4,6-\mathrm{dbf}\right), 33.85\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{CH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right)$, $24.30\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{CH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 13.14\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{1} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=68.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{PCH} \mathrm{H}_{3}\right),-11.75$ (s, $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{Zn}$ ). ${ }^{31} \mathrm{P}\left\{{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CD}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right): \delta 25.71$ (s). ${ }^{11} \mathrm{~B}\left\{{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CD}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right): \delta-6.61$ (s). ${ }^{19} \mathrm{~F}\left\{{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CD}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right): \delta-61.95$ (s). Anal. Calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{77} \mathrm{H}_{59} \mathrm{BF}_{24} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{OP}_{2} \mathrm{Zn}: \mathrm{C}, 57.00 ; \mathrm{H}, 3.67$; N, 1.73. Found: C, 57.13 ; H, 3.77; N, 1.79.

## Synthesis of meso-7

Meso-7 was prepared via a similar procedure as that described for meso-6, from meso-5 ( $100 \mathrm{mg}, 64.8 \mu \mathrm{~mol}$ ) and dimethylzinc (excess, $324 \mu \mathrm{~mol}, 1.2 \mathrm{M}$ toluene solution, 0.27 mL ) to yield a beige solid ( $103 \mathrm{mg}, 63.5 \mu \mathrm{~mol}, 98 \%$ ). ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H} \operatorname{NMR}\left(\mathrm{CD}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right): \delta$ $8.44\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{HH}}=7.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, 1,9-\mathrm{dbf}\right), 7.72$ (br ov m, $10 \mathrm{H}, o-\mathrm{Ph}$ $+p-\mathrm{Ph}+\mathrm{dbf}), 7.60-7.48\left(\mathrm{ov} \mathrm{m}, 12 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{3}\left(\mathrm{CF}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 7.40(\mathrm{~m}$, $4 \mathrm{H}, m$-Ph $), 6.74\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{HH}}=8.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 4 \mathrm{H}, m\right.$-Pipp $), 6.42\left(\mathrm{dd},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{HH}}\right.$ $\left.=8.5 \mathrm{~Hz},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{PH}}=2.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 4 \mathrm{H}, o-\mathrm{Pipp}\right), 2.70\left(\mathrm{sp},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{HH}}=6.9 \mathrm{~Hz}\right.$,

Table 3 Selected crystal and refinement data for compounds rac-1, meso-1, rac-2, 3, rac-4a, rac-5a, rac-5b, rac-6a, meso-6 and meso-7

|  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{rac}-1 \cdot 0.67 \\ & \left(\mathrm{C}_{5} \mathrm{H}_{12}\right) \end{aligned}$ | meso-1 | rac-2 | 3 | rac-4a | rac-5a | rac-5b | rac-6a | meso-6 | meso-7 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Chemical <br> Formula | $\mathrm{C}_{47.33} \mathrm{H}_{68} \mathrm{~B}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3} \mathrm{P}_{2}$ | $\mathrm{C}_{49} \mathrm{H}_{72} \mathrm{~B}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3} \mathrm{P}_{2}$ | $\mathrm{C}_{26} \mathrm{H}_{28} \mathrm{~B}_{2} \mathrm{OP}_{2}$ | $\mathrm{C}_{35} \mathrm{H}_{44} \mathrm{~B}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{2} \mathrm{P}_{2}$ | $\mathrm{C}_{53} \mathrm{H}_{59} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{OP}_{2}$ | $\mathrm{C}_{82} \mathrm{H}_{69} \mathrm{BF}_{24} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{OP}_{2}$ | $\mathrm{C}_{74} \mathrm{H}_{57} \mathrm{BF}_{20} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{OP}_{2}$ | $\mathrm{C}_{85} \mathrm{H}_{75} \mathrm{BCl}_{2} \mathrm{~F}_{24} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{OP}_{2} \mathrm{Zn}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{C}_{78} \mathrm{H}_{61} \mathrm{BF}_{24} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \\ & \mathrm{OP}_{2} \mathrm{Zn} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{C}_{77} \mathrm{H}_{59} \mathrm{BF}_{24} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{O} \\ & \mathrm{P}_{2} \mathrm{Zn} \end{aligned}$ |
| Formula | 768.58 | 792.67 | 440.04 | 580.26 | 801.96 | 1627.14 | 1442.97 | 1805.49 | 1636.41 | 1622.38 |
| Weight |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Crystal System | Monoclinic | Monoclinic | Monoclinic | Monoclinic | Triclinic | Monoclinic | Monoclinic | Monoclinic | Triclinic | Triclinic |
| Space | $P 2_{1}$ | $P 2_{1}$ | $P 2_{1}$ | $P 2_{1}$ | $P \overline{1}$ | $P 2{ }_{1} / n$ | $P 2{ }_{1} / n$ | $P 21 / n$ | $P \overline{1}$ | $P \overline{1}$ |
| Group ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $a / \AA$ | 12.0455(15) | 9.1131(6) | 9.0916(15) | 8.866(2) | 10.682(3) | 25.9495(19) | 17.8759(16) | 23.695(3) | 15.008(3) | 15.1464(9) |
| $b / \AA$ | 9.0733(11) | 17.7459(11) | 26.778(5) | 15.561(4) | 12.265(4) | 15.9645(12) | 19.0247(17) | 16.3001(17) | 15.591(3) | $15.4468(9)$ |
| $c / \AA$ | 21.256(3) | 15.5104(10) | 10.3509(17) | 12.610(3) | 18.315(6) | 39.031(3) | 39.597(4) | 23.842(3) | 16.299(3) | 16.3669(9) |
| $\alpha\left({ }^{\circ}\right)$ | 90 | 90 | 90 | 90 | 102.736(4) | 90 | 90 | 90 | 89.306(2) | 88.5290(10) |
| $\beta\left({ }^{\circ}\right)$ | 96.742(2) | 102.5560(10) | 106.329(2) | 109.266(2) | 93.563(4) | 103.7470(10) | 99.0010(10) | 114.8180(10) | 76.703(2) | 76.3750(10) |
| $\gamma\left({ }^{\circ}\right)$ | 90 | 90 | 90 | 90 | 103.759(4) | 90 | 90 | 90 | 85.884(2) | 86.1190(10) |
| $V / \AA^{3}$ | 2307.0(5) | 2448.4(3) | 2418.3(7) | 1642.3(6) | 2256.7(12) | 15706(2) | 13301(2) | 8358.1(15) | 3701.7(11) | 3712.8(4) |
| Z | 2 | 2 | 4 | 2 | 2 | 8 | 8 | 4 | 2 | 2 |
| GOF on $F^{2}$ | 0.891 | 0.933 | 1.191 | 1.059 | 0.928 | $0.972$ | $0.840$ | $1.095$ | $1.029$ | 1.085 |
| Refined Data/ | 10776/468 | 10818/468 | 11011/567 | 7512/376 | 10280/533 | 36047/2239 | 30607/1786 | 19174/1214 | 16897/1017 | 16850/1092 |
| Parameters |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $R_{1}[I>$ | 0.0862 | 0.0352 | 0.0617 | 0.0289 | 0.0401 | 0.0563 | 0.0611 | 0.0568 | 0.0652 | 0.0463 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 2 \sigma(I)]^{a} \\ & w R_{2}\{\text { all } \\ & \text { data }\}^{a} \end{aligned}$ | 0.2275 | 0.0765 | 0.1403 | 0.0857 | 0.0967 | 0.1685 | 0.1839 | 0.1610 | 0.2149 | 00.1398 |
| Flack parameter | -0.08(15) | 0.00(4) | 0.44(11) | 0.03(5) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{a} R_{1}=\Sigma\| \| F_{\mathrm{o}}\left\|-\left\|F_{\mathrm{c}}\right\| / \Sigma\right\| F_{\mathrm{o}} \mid ; \mathrm{w} R_{2}=\left[\Sigma \mathrm{w}\left(F_{\mathrm{o}}{ }^{2}-F_{\mathrm{c}}{ }^{2}\right) / \Sigma \mathrm{w}\left(F_{\mathrm{o}}{ }^{2}\right)^{2}\right]^{1 / 2}$. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

$\left.2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 2.12\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{2} J_{\mathrm{PH}}=12.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 6 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{PCH} 3\right), 1.12(\mathrm{~d}$, $\left.{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{HH}}=6.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 12 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right),-1.22\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{Zn}\right) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ $\left\{{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CD}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right): \delta 162.31\left(\mathrm{q} 1: 1: 1: 1,{ }^{1} J_{\mathrm{BC}}=49.8 \mathrm{~Hz}\right.$, ipso- $\left.\mathrm{B}\left[\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{3}\left(\mathrm{CF}_{3}\right)_{2}\right]_{4}\right), 156.96$ (s, dbf-OC), 144.69 (s, p-Pipp), $142.60\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=4.9 \mathrm{~Hz}\right.$, quaternary dbf), $135.35(\mathrm{~s}$, $\left.o-C_{6} \mathrm{H}_{3}\left(\mathrm{CF}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 134.46(\mathrm{~s}, p-\mathrm{Ph}), 132.00\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=11.2 \mathrm{~Hz}\right.$, $m-\mathrm{Ph}), 130.99\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{2} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=8.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3,7-\mathrm{dbf}\right), 130.05\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{2} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=\right.$ $12.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, o-\mathrm{Ph}), 129.51\left(\mathrm{qq},{ }^{2} J_{\mathrm{CF}}=31.3 \mathrm{~Hz},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{CB}}=3.2 \mathrm{~Hz}\right.$, $\left.m-C_{6} \mathrm{H}_{3}\left(\mathrm{CF}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 127.86\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{1} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=107.7 \mathrm{~Hz}\right.$, ipso-Ph), 127.82 (br ov, 1,9-dbf and $m$-Pipp), 126.14 (d, ${ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=9.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, o-\mathrm{Pipp}$ ), $125.14\left(\mathrm{q},{ }^{1} J_{\mathrm{CF}}=272.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, C \mathrm{~F}_{3}\right), 124.82\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{2} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=6.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2,8-\right.$ dbf), $124.51\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{2} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=54.0 \mathrm{~Hz}\right.$, ipso-Pipp), $118.03\left(\mathrm{sp},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{CF}}=\right.$ $\left.4.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, p-C_{6} \mathrm{H}_{3}\left(\mathrm{CF}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 113.32\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{1} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=98.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 4,6-\mathrm{dbf}\right)$, $33.82\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{CH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 24.29\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{CH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 12.34\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{1} J_{\mathrm{CP}}=\right.$ $\left.67.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{PCH}_{3}\right),-10.97\left(\mathrm{~s}, C \mathrm{H}_{3} \mathrm{Zn}\right) .{ }^{31} \mathrm{P}\left\{{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CD}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right): \delta$ 25.57 (s). ${ }^{11} \mathrm{~B}\left\{{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CD}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right): \delta-6.61(\mathrm{~s}) .{ }^{19} \mathrm{~F}\left\{{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CD}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right): \delta-61.97$ (s). Anal. Calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{77} \mathrm{H}_{59} \mathrm{BF}_{24} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{OP}_{2} \mathrm{Zn}$ : C, 57.00; H, 3.67; N, 1.73. Found: C, 57.07; H, 3.69; N, 1.69.

## NMR scale polymerisation of rac-lactide with rac-6 and meso-6

In a glovebox, rac-lactide $(72.1 \mathrm{mg}, 0.5 \mathrm{mmol})$ and an appropriate amount of initiator (e.g. $\mathrm{M} / \mathrm{I}=200,4.1 \mathrm{mg}, 2.5 \mu \mathrm{~mol}$ ) were dissolved in $\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}(0.5 \mathrm{~mL})$ in an NMR tube. The tube was sealed with a rubber septum, and placed in an oil bath $\left(40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$. The polymerisation was monitored every 30 min until $>95 \%$ conversion was observed by ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectroscopy. These conditions were then used for the large scale polymerisation reactions. For determination of activation parameters, data were recorded at the appropriate temperatures, which were corrected by using the equation $T_{\text {actual }}=1.111 T_{0}-1.8505$.

## Large scale polymerisation of rac-lactide with rac-6 and meso-6

In a glovebox, rac-lactide ( $144.1 \mathrm{mg}, 1 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) and an appropriate amount of initiator (e.g. $\mathrm{M} / \mathrm{I}=200,8.2 \mathrm{mg}$ ) were dissolved in methylene chloride $(1 \mathrm{~mL})$ in a scintillation vial. The solution was stirred for an appropriate period of time (using NMR scale conditions). This yielded a thick glue-like substance. In air, the crude product was washed with cold methanol $(2 \times 5 \mathrm{~mL})$, and dried in vacuo $\left(9 \times 10^{-3}\right.$ torr) yielding the solid polymer.

## X-ray crystallographic studies

X-ray crystallography. A high quality crystal of each compound was coated in Paratone oil and mounted on a glass fiber. Data were collected at low temperature ( 173 K ) with $\omega$ and $\varphi$ scans on a Bruker Smart Apex II diffractometer using graphitemonochromated Mo-K $\alpha$ radiation $(\lambda=0.71073 \AA)$ and Bruker SMART software. ${ }^{25}$ Unit cell parameters were calculated and refined from the full data set. Cell refinement and data reduction were performed using the Bruker APEX2 and SAINT programs, respectively. ${ }^{26}$ Reflections were scaled and corrected for absorption effects using SADABS. ${ }^{27}$ The structures were solved by direct methods with SHELXS ${ }^{28}$ and refined by full-matrix leastsquares techniques against $F^{2}$ using SHELXL. ${ }^{29}$ All non-hydrogen atoms were refined anisotropically. All hydrogen atoms (except the $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{H}$ atoms, which were located from the electron
density maps and refined freely) were placed in calculated positions and refined using a riding model.

Crystal data are summarized in Table 3. No special considerations were required for the refinement of the compounds, except rac-1, in which disordered pentane solvent molecules were present. The electron density related to the molecule was removed using SQUEEZE. ${ }^{30}$ Some of the crystals featured disordered organic substituents, in particular the fluorinated borate anions. Where possible these groups were modelled isotropically over two positions, although in a few cases no suitable model could be found, resulting in large thermal displacement parameters.

## Conclusions

In summary, a new series of P-stereogenic neutral bisphosphinimine ligands, and cationic alkylzinc complexes thereof, have been synthesized and fully characterised. The successful diastereomeric resolution of these ligands represents an advancement in the dbf ligand design, as the monophosphinimine derivatives formed inseparable rac/meso mixtures. Two complexes in particular, rac-6 and meso-6, were shown to initiate the ringopening polymerisation of rac-lactide to yield polymer samples with a modest heterotactic bias and with significantly higher activity than our first-generation initiators. Although significant trans-esterification side reactions led to high polydispersity indices, high conversion was attained. Furthermore, while mechanistic details remain elusive, kinetic data suggest that rac6 and meso- 6 are in fact pre-catalysts, which react in solution to form the active species. To help test this hypothesis, future studies will focus on the preparation of hydroxy, alkoxide and lactate derivatives of the alkylzinc complexes presented herein and investigations of their competency as catalysts for PLA synthesis. To improve the stereocontrol of polymerisation, future ligand variants may incorporate larger chiral groups to increase steric differentiation. In addition, placement of the chiral functionality closer to the metal centre (e.g. on nitrogen rather than phosphorus) is also anticipated to enhance chiral induction.

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## References

$\ddagger$ Due to the chiral mentholate substituents on phosphorus, the terms rac- and meso- are not strictly accurate. However, for simplicity we make use of these descriptors in reference to the relative stereochemistry of the two chiral phosphorus sites in each stereoisomer. The two isomers are also denoted as $(R, R, R, R)$ and $(R, S, S, R)$ in-text, where the first and last $R$ 's refer to the stereochemistry of the carbon centre in the OMen group closest to the phosphorus atom.

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[^0]:    Department of Chemistry and Biochemistry, University of Lethbridge, 4401 University Drive, Lethbridge, AB, Canada, T1K 3M4. E-mail: p.hayes@uleth.ca; Fax: + 1-403-329-2057; Tel: + 1-403-329-2313
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